THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

P. P. P.
Always open. 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1894 No. 24

THE WESTSIDE

Annual Clearance Sale

WILL CLOSE

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31.

Do not delay if you wish to take advantage of the great cut in prices.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Annual Clearance Sale

In order to Clear the Balance of our Winter Stock, we offer the following Lines which speak for themselves,

15 doz. Men's Braces at 15c. a pair.
Men's Union Socks at 12 pair for $1.00.
10 doz. Men's Wool Mits, 15c. a pair.
100 Gum Coats, all sizes, at $1.50, worth $2.50.
20 doz White Shirts, 60 cts, worth $1.00.
50 doz. Linen Collars, Men's sizes, $1.00 per dozen.
Boys' Suits and Overcoats from $1.50 up.
Rigby and Melissa, $11, $12 and $13, worth $14. $16 and $18.
20 doz Handkerchiefs at 5 cents each, 19x20.
Men's Paramatta Waterproofs, with Capes, in Blue and Black, $6.50, regular price $9.
We have about 50 first-class McIntoshes, wool lined, all reduced from $3 to $5 each.
150 Men's Overcoats, the finest selection in the city.

They all go at Clearance Prices. These are Cash Prices only.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson St.

SALE COMMENCES MONDAY, 29th INST.

THESE ARE THE PRICES

New Price.		Old Price.
$2.00	Of some lines of Ladies' Buttoned Boots which we are clearing out. See these bargains in our Johnson street window.	$3.00
2.50		3.50
3.00		3.75
3.50		4.50

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to locations and values of properties.

—OFFICES—

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

The Times
Is Always
Winner in the
Journalistic
Race
The Public
Times

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To purchase, a lot suitable for private house on Dallas Road. Must be cheap. Cash. Address "F.H.," Times office. jan29-3t

FOR SALE—Section 17, Range 6, lot 2, block 15, Duncan's Station, cheap for cash. Apply 230 Fort St. jan29-3t

A GIRL of 16 wants situation in small family. Apply, "Jane," Times office. j29-3t

THE SINGLE TAX CLUB will hold a meeting in their Hall, cor. Yates and Government streets, to-morrow, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. The public invited.

WANTED—General servant at 13 Langley St. Apply from 10 to 12 a.m. j29-2t

TABLEAUX

An entertainment will be held in St. James' Hall on

Thursday, February 1st,

at 8 o'clock, sharp.

Tableaux by children. Singing interspersed by favorite amateurs.
Admission 25 cents. j29-td

POULTRY,
DOGS,
PET STOCK
ANNUAL SHOW,
Feb. 7, 8, 9, 1894,
Market Hall, Victoria.
Admission, 25 cents.
F. W. Teague, Sec'y,
134 Government St.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

10 TONS GRANULATED SUGAR

Thursday February 1st, at 11 a. m.

on account of whom it may concern:

I am instructed to sell at the Outer Wharf:

EX "MIOWARA."

5 tons of Granulated Sugar from Ripple Creek, Queensland, damaged, marked LB in triangle.

EX "ARAWA."

5 tons of Granulated Sugar from Ripple Creek, Queensland, in good order, marked LBI in triangle.

jan29 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER

WRECK

I am instructed by A. R. Milne, Esq., receiver of wrecks, to sell by public auction on

Wednesay, Jan. 31st, 1894,

at 11 o'clock a.m.

On the premises, No. 1 Bastion St., lately occupied by C. Strouss & Co., next to Board of Trade Building,

The American Schooner Norway

As she now lies wrecked near Jordan river, together with her Masts, Sails, Anchors, etc., etc.,

—ALSO—

Her Cargo of Lumber

The Norway was built at San Francisco, California, in 1870, her gross tonnage being 192.61, net tonnage 183.01, length 123 feet, breadth 32 feet, depth 9.4.

TERMS—Cash, as soon as sold. Customs duties to be paid by purchaser.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.
(Colonist copy.)

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)	
Allan Line, Laurentian	Feb. 17
Allan Line, Numidian	March 3
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Feb. 10
Dominion Line, Oregon	Feb. 24
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Feb. 14
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	Feb. 28
(From New York.)	
Cunard Line, Umbria	Feb. 10
Cunard Line, Servia	Feb. 17
White Star Line, Britannic	Feb. 14
White Star Line, Majestic	Feb. 21
American Line, Berlin	Feb. 7
American Line, Chester	Feb. 10
American Line, Paris	Feb. 21
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Feb. 17
Nor. German Lloyd, Neckar	Feb. 10

For cheap rates and all other information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Gen. Agent.

FAILED TO WORK

Collector Jones' Great Scheme to Appropriate

THE COUNTY TAXES TO HIS OWN USE

A Peddler's Ready Revolver Spoils the Plan.

Disguised as a Negro the Collector Robs His Own Home—The Travelling Trader Waits His Chance—While the Taxes Are Being Collected He Shoots the Negro Dead.

Morganton, Pa., Jan. 29.—William Jones has been the tax collector of Union county for several years. Lately he received a notification from Comptroller-General Wright to close up his belated returns and have them in by Monday. On Thursday night a peddler called at the tax collector's house in Cooper's creek and asked for a night's lodgings. He was taken in. The tax collector told him that he was glad he had come, as he himself had to start out at once for Atlanta. About two hours after Jones had disappeared a ragged looking negro made his way into the house, and covering the peddler with two revolvers ordered him to give up his goods. This he did readily. The robber then turned on Mrs. Jones and ordered her to bring out the tax money and deliver it to him. While he was receiving the money the peddler was watching his chance and shot the robber dead. Next day it was discovered that the dead negro was tax collector Jones, who had adopted this scheme of keeping the county's money. Cooper's creek is up in the mountains of Union county, forty miles from this place, and the news of the affair did not reach here until to-day.

Talmage Wants More Lucre.

New York, Jan. 29.—After evening services in the Brooklyn Tabernacle last night the board of trustees held a meeting. Leonard Moody, president of the board of trustees, said the collections taken up at yesterday's services were the largest in several years. He said if the parishioners had always responded as liberally as they had that day there would be no debt now to pay off on the Tabernacle. After the board of trustees adjourned the elders went into secret session. Dr. Talmage was present. The conference lasted nearly two hours. After it had ended one of the elders said from the many talks he had had with Dr. Talmage he felt positive if the financial difficulty could be overcome Dr. Talmage would reconsider his resignation.

Love and Laudanum.

Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 29.—At Mesa City, eighteen miles east of Phoenix, W. T. Burton, aged 33, took laudanum yesterday morning with suicidal intent. The act was quickly discovered and prompt medical attention given. Half of the male population of the little town turned out to aid in exercising the man, but to no avail, as he died during the night. The cause was disappointment in love.

Rioting Coal Miners.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 29.—A telephone message from Mansfield says rumors are afloat that another outbreak on the part of the foreign miners has occurred at the Ridgeway mines on Miller's run, six miles from Mansfield.

Twenty-Six Sailors Drowned.

London, Jan. 29.—The British bark Port Yarrock, from Santa Rosalia, Jan. 4th, for Antwerp, which some days ago put into Bantry bay, on the Kerry coast, disabled, yesterday during a gale dragged her anchors and went ashore. A heavy sea was running and the surf made a clean breach over her. The crew, 26 all told, were swept overboard and drowned.

Wrestling With Smallpox.

New York, Jan. 29.—Smallpox is still raging in this city. The authorities are alarmed at the outbreak. A number of new cases are reported to-day. A number of the charitable institutions are infected.

Mrs Colonna Vanishes.

Paris, Jan. 29.—Princess Colonna, her children and her mother, Mrs. Mackay, have disappeared. Where they are is unknown.

Wrangling Insurance Agents.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 29.—J. H. Smith, manager for R. G. Dun & Co., is suing J. Wright and the Union Central company, for which Wright is agent here, for $25,000. Smith was going to build a ten story building, and Wright entered into a contract with him by which Smith was to get $25,000 for putting the name of Wright's company on the building. The building is now complete. Smith says he has not been paid, and so sues. Before ground was broken Wright is alleged to have made the statement that if his company secured $1,000,000 new insurance it would be a "sky scraper." He drew up an agreement which a number of citizens of Buffalo signed pledging themselves to take various amounts of insurance. Wright secured his million dollars in new business, but did not erect the promised building. Wright says he did not tell any one directly that his company was ging to put up a building, simply that it would be called the Union Central block. He says he has deposited collateral to pay Smith the $25,000. The suit comes to trial next week.

Single Tax in Congress.

New York, Jan. 29.—Henry George was interviewed yesterday in regard to Congressman McGuire's bill introduced in the house on Saturday to provide an increased revenue by a direct tax on the value of land in the United States. The bill is directly in line with Mr. George's land theories. George said: "The bill is based on the lines of the direct tax under the constitution, as imposed for it in 1798, again in 1813, and finally in 1861. It differs materially only in this, that whereas the tax was levied then on lands, dwelling houses and improvements, and originally also on slaves, McGuire's bill strikes out everything except the first item—land values—and it also makes no deduction, as did the act of 1861, upon a certain value, namely, $500, to each occupying owner."

A SELECT PARTY.

Sir Thomas McIlwraith's Guests at Luncheon To-Day.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—Sir Thomas McIlwraith gave a luncheon party at the Russell to-day. Those present were Sir John Thompson, Caron, Bowell, Sanford Fleming and Lord Ava.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen left this afternoon for the Quebec carnival.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Sayings and Doings of To-Day Throughout Sunny California.

San Francisco, Jan. 29.—Owing to the business depression the Pacific Coast steamship company has resolved to discontinue the service to Fairhaven. All freight for that point will be billed to New Whatcom.

John McNulty, recently committed to life imprisonment, and who starts for San Quentin on Wednesday, says he feels sure of further official clemency. He does not know how long it will be in coming, but he says it will certainly eventually reach him.

It is reported that Loewenson and Voss, implicated in the opium smuggling case of the schooner Emerald, seized recently by the authorities, have surrendered in Victoria, and will turn states evidence on arrival here.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 29.—Sheriff Cline has just returned from Compton, this county, where he has been investigating a double murder committed on Johnson's ranch, near that place. John Johnson, aged 46, and his son George were both found at the ranch house dead. From a younger son, eleven years old, the particulars were learned. He was an eye-witness of the deed. His brother, who is 25, was out hunting yesterday, and when he returned home he and his father had a quarrel, which culminated in George calling him a vile name and telling him he ought to go back where he came from. The father picked up a revolver and shot his son, the bullet entering near the head. The young man staggered, but did not fall, and seizing his double barrelled shot gun he poured the contents into his father, the charge entering the pit of his stomach, killing him instantly. The young man then rolled out to a water trough, the blood streaming out of his mouth, and while in the act of drinking he dropped down dead.

WASHINGTON WIRINGS.

How to Manage a Republic—Hawaiian Affairs.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—No information has reached the state department in regard to the United States minister to Hayti, Smith, telling the Haytian president how the republic should be conducted. It is intimated that Smith will be promptly recalled.

The answer of Dole to Willis' demand for delayed replies to allegations made in a letter which Dole refuses to withdraw have been received at the state department. This is an answer to a letter which Cleveland termed "most extraordinary," and it is likely that when the answer is sent in it will be accompanied by some special remarks. Letters from Willis were received by Saturday's mail. These, with Dole's document, will go to congress probably on Wednesday.

The president has nominated the following: Thomas Moonlight, of Kansas, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Bolivia; John T. Gaffey, Los Angeles, Cal., to be collector of customs. Registrars of land offices: T. J. Bolton, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Solon E. Patrick, Visilia, Cal.; Raymond Miller, Pueblo, Colo.; Wm. C. Bowen, Del Norte, Colo.

The American Senate.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—Petitions against the tariff presented in the senate this morning were very numerous and from all parts of the country. A bill was introduced by Hoar giving United States district judges the right on petition, and after hearing, to order restoration to the rolls of a pensioner who has been dropped or whose pension has been reduced. A resolution was offered by Stuart declaring it to be the sense of the senate that Secretary Carlisle has no legal authority to issue or sell bonds as proposed. He gave notice that he would ask an action on the resolution to-morrow. The Hawaiian resolutions were then taken up and Teller addressed the senate.

Loose-Joined Kentucky Legislation.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 29.—One of the many laws passed by the legislature last year was a loosely-worded one, mandatory in tone, directing that each school district be supplied with maps, charts and globes. School book agents are pushing the sale of these supplies at a rate that is raising a "howl" all over the state. Books that can be sold for a profit at 25 cents, are forced on the trustees at $1.25. The rural counties are, of course, the sufferers.

Pacific Cable and Steamers.

London, Jan. 29.—Hon. Robert Reed, minister of defence for Victoria, Australia, is here, and will leave for Canada in a month. He will endeavor to establish reciprocal trade arrangements between his colony and Canada in connection with the other Australian representatives who will be present at the trade conference to be held in Ottawa in June. At present he is strongly urging the Imperial government to give its support, in the way of subsidies, to the Pacific cable scheme and to the Canada-Australia steamship line.

The Times in its colonial article is strongly in favor of treasury aid for the Canadian-Australian steamship line, and says that the arguments in behalf of an Imperial subsidy remain unrefuted.

APPETITE FOR GORE

The Parisian Mob is as Blood-Thirsty as Ever.

GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT FELT TO-DAY

Because Anarchist Vaillant was Not Guillotined

A Multitude Gathered to See the Execution—Sweeping Arrests of Anarchists to be Made—They Will be Held Until Vaillant is Executed—Archives of American Consulate Destroyed.

Paris, Jan. 29.—It was reported last night that Vaillant would be guillotined this morning. A large crowd gathered near the place of execution during the night. This morning there was much disappointment when it was learned the execution would not take place to-day. The Petit Journal says the government intends to make sweeping arrests of anarchists and detain them in prison until after Vaillant is executed.

The Czar Has Grippe.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—The Czar is suffering from a severe attack of influenza, accompanied by bronchitis and inflammation of the right lung.

Rosina Vokes Dead.

London, Jan. 29.—Rosina Vokes, the English actress, died at Torquay, Devonshire, on Saturday. She was one of the greatest comediennes of modern times—an admirable woman both on and off the stage.

Portuguese Insurrection Anticipated.

London, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from Lisbon says that the government has received information of an insurrection which is expected to break out at Oporto. A fleet of warships sailed from Lisbon for Oporto this morning to aid in suppressing any revolutionary movement that may be undertaken.

Archives Destroyed by Thieves.

Rome, Jan. 29.—Burglars entered the American legation last night, looted the safe and desks, set fire to all the papers in the office. A number of archives were destroyed, and the offices are ruined. Minister Potter says no valuable documents were destroyed. The police are at work on the case. The motive of the thieves in so carefully destroying the papers, especially the archives, is inexplicable.

Fire, Robbery and Riot.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Jan. 29.—A fire at Jeremie on Tuesday night destroyed over 100 houses, including many large business establishments. During the fire a number of thieves robbed the houses and pedestrians who happened to pass. Some of the people, under the impression that a revolution had broken out, commenced firing upon the police. At daylight quiet was restored.

Made Millions From Beer.

Long Branch, N. J., Jan. 29.—Mrs Charles Gremer, the wife of a merchant tailor of this place, expects to receive soon an inheritance from the estate of a deceased great uncle, that has been accumulating interest during 50 years. In 1844 George Hoffmann of Bavaria owned a large brewery. His wealth did not become known until after his death. Hoffman never married and his remains were quietly buried by his brother. In searching among Hoffman's old papers, a will was found. It mentioned real estate and personal property amounting to 60,000,000 marks ($15,000,000). The will is full of restrictions, one being that the estate should not be divided until the expiration of 50 years. Under the will his brothers and sisters were beneficiaries, but all have died, their families becoming almost extinct. The time for dividing the estate will arrive this year. The surviving relatives number fourteen, of whom Mrs. Gremer is one.

EASTERN CANADA.

Toronto Lady Drowned—Quebec's Great Winter Carnival.

Toronto, Jan. 29.—On Saturday Miss Sarah Forrest, well known in Toronto, was drowned at the western entrance to Toronto Bay. Four others who were in her company had a very narrow escape from meeting a similar fate, or being crushed to death by the ice floes, which are floating about between the breakwater and the Queen's wharf. The deceased had been for four years a teacher in the Island school. While rescuing his wife Mr. Gray nearly lost his own life.

Quebec, Jan. 29.—Carnival week is opening most auspiciously here. The weather is delightful and the city is beginning to fill up with visitors. Over 1000 arrived on Saturday and yesterday morning, and this number was largely increased by the regular and special C.P.R. and Intercolonial trains, which arrived last night. Among the more distinguished arrivals are the Astor party from New York, including Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Miss Wilson, Miss Burden, Mr. Worthingham. The White House, Halifax, Boston, London, Eng., Buffalo and New York are well represented, besides a large number from Montreal and other Canadian cities.

He Carried His Point.

San Francisco, Jan. 29.—John Percival, aged 18, bell boy, who ran away from Vancouver, B. C., and was taken in charge by Sergt. Bonner and Policeman on the arrival of the steamer City of Puebla from the north, will be able to see the Midwinter Fair, which was his original intention in leaving. Chief Crowley yesterday received word from the boy's father that he was willing to grant the boy's wish, if he would be satisfied with a week's sight seeing. Percival will report to the chief daily during his stay in the city.

DOING A GOOD WORK.

Dairy Commissioner Robertson's Great Service to Canada.

PROGRESS OF THE CHEESE INDUSTRY

The Commissioner Talks of Agricultural Matters Generally—Canada's Large Proportion of Farm Workers—National Sentiment.

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—There is one man in connection with the public service of the Dominion whose salary the taxpayers have no cause to grumble over paying. He is Professor Robertson, the Dominion dairy commissioner. Mr. Robertson is not only an energetic, painstaking and efficient officer, but has sound views on all matters appertaining to agriculture. I had a pleasant chat with the commissioner this morning, when he reminded me that it was in 1890 the dairying service was affiliated with the experimental farms.

"That there was advantage," said Mr. Robertson, "to the country from giving emphasis to this branch of agriculture will be evident by the remark that when I was appointed to the charge of this work in Ontario in 1886 the total value of the cheese exported for the year was less than $6,750,000 worth, and the total value of the cheese exported last year had reached the sum of nearly $13,500,000. The rapidity of the extension and the improvement in the quality of the article were in a large measure directly resultant from the information which was quickly and widely spread throughout the whole Dominion by means of several lectures a year and the distribution of thousands of bulletins. The newspapers of Canada have been most efficient allies of the dairy commissioner in this branch of the work.

"In other countries progress in agriculture has been promoted in similar ways. In Great Britain, beginning with the experiment station established and conducted by Sir J. B. Lawes and Dr. Gilbert, this work has been going on until now the Imperial government and county councils have a system of technical instruction in dairying in most of the counties of England, Scotland and many parts of Ireland.

"In the United States there are not less than 52 experimental stations supported at an annual cost of $977,244.

"At the experimental farms and dairy stations in Canada, while scientific investigations are carried on, one of the main efforts is to bridge over the gulf which has existed between the discoveries of scientists and the practice of the ordinary farmer and to bring them to him to facilitate his progress.

"The directions in which progress has chiefly been made in agriculture have been: (1) Enlarged production from the use of new varieties of seeds and grains, as well as improvements in the methods of cultivation of the fields; (2) Reduced cost by the use of labor-saving machinery, and the general use of cheap feeding materials, such as Indian corn for fodder for the production of milk, beef, butter and cheese; (3) improvement in the quality of the products. Out of 701 exhibits of Canadian Cheese at Chicago 618 were recommended for medals and diplomas, against 54 from the whole United States, which were recommended for diplomas in the same classes; (4) multiplied resources on the farms is evidenced by the growth of sunflowers, from the heads of which over 700 pounds of oil per acre have been obtained. It is believed that most of this can be transferred into actual beef and butter through the ministry of good cows. Another instance may be cited wherein by the feeding of frozen wheat on the experimental farms it has been demonstrated that the farmers of Manitoba can obtain from 45 to 75 cents per bushel for that class of grain, which hitherto had been counted unsaleble; (5) Protection against injury from insects and fungus diseases. Instances of this might be cited in the use of paris green to destroy the potato bug wholesale, in the spraying of fruit trees to prevent apple spot, the spraying of grape vines to prevent a fungus, which came nearly making an end of that branch of horticulture.

Just take a glance over the area in which progress in agriculture has been marked. In Canada there are now over 28,500,000 acres under cultivation and 735,000 workers are returned as agricultural. This comprises over 44 per cent. of all the active workers in the Dominion. While the total value of our exports of all kinds from Canada for 1892 reached $99,000,000, over $50,000,000 of these were agricultural products and animals and their products.

"The effect of this progress in agriculture is evident on the rural population, in the improvement in their material welfare, in the enlargement of their social opportunities, and in the development of their intellectual powers and enjoyments.

"The effect of all this is evident on the political life of the country and on the national life in a large measure, as it helps to retain on the farms laborers who in other countries have been found in starvation and misery in the congested cities. At present it is estimated that if the unemployed in the cities of the United States were marching five abreast they would make a column reaching from Ottawa to Toronto, and if the women and children dependent upon them were marching at the end of this procession, the tail of it would not have left Halifax when the head of it was long past Detroit. We need never have even the spectre of such a procession of poverty across our country, so long as the majority of our people stick to life on the land, instead of trying to live by their wits without productive labor.

"A great body of people speaking the English language and with institutions very much like our own to the south of us most always exercise a strong and profound influence on Canadian life and sentiment. The moon attracts the sun whether it will or not, and it makes the tides rise and fall altogether indifferent to the splashing which King Canute or other demagogues may make on its shores. Progress in agriculture has helped to create a good feeling between ourselves and our neighbors to the south. This was shown at the World's Fair in Chicago.

"In our own country the progress of agriculture has done much to blend a people diverse in race, language and religion into one united, contented whole. It brings into conspicuous prominence the fact that the material interests of the people in all the provinces are identical. From toleration through respect to liking and loving each other it is possible that progress in agriculture will be the means of blending the conflicting prejudices among our people into a united sentiment of patriotic devotion to this Canada of ours, filled with the comfortable, happy, contented homes of those who further the progress of agriculture.

"To those who do not see any meaning to this let me commend the consideration of two things: The tiny grain of sand is the core around which gathers the pearl of great price; and the foremost influence in the world to-day was first sneered at, and of Him who gave it origin men scoffingly said, 'Is this not the carpenter?'"

SLABTOWN.

Lost While Hunting.

Kamloops, Jan. 27.—Harvey Smith, son of Senator Frank Smith of Toronto, is reported missing. Young Smith, who arrived here some weeks ago and was wintering with some friends on a ranch about twenty miles north of here, on the North Thompson, went with a party of five others deer hunting. The party crossed the Thompson river on Tuesday, the 23rd, ascending the mountains and there separated, intending to work their way down. The descent to the river would take probably half an hour. Smith's gun was heard twice. All the men got down safely except Smith. The party went in search of him, but as it was snowing hard and storming all tracks were obliterated. It has been snowing ever since. Indians and ranchers are now scouring the mountain, which is densely covered with timber, while there are many ravines in the neighborhood. A person meeting with an accident would find it difficult to reach the river.

American News.

Denver, Jan. 27.—The lower house now seems to have settled down to their winter's work, and there is little talk of an adjournment. The senate, despite the defection of Webber and Boyd on Friday, still stands firm. Senator Stock has introduced a resolution, to be sent to the governor if passed, asking that he prorogue the assembly, as it is evident that the senate will block all legislation. The members receive $7 a day during the session.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 29.—Ex-Postmaster-General D. M. Key, judge of the United States court for the eastern district of Tennessee, celebrates his seventieth birthday to-day, and a few weeks hence he will retire from the bench and spend his remaining days in his palatial home at Chattanooga. He was postmaster-general under President Hayes, and was appointed to the bench Shortly before the close of that administration.

New York, Jan. 27.—The magnificent four-story brown stone house at 11 East 24th street, formerly occupied by Francis S. Weeks, the embezzling lawyer and stock broker who was captured in Central America, brought back to this country and sentenced on a plea of guilty to 10 years at Sing Sing, will go under the hammer as a result of foreclosure proceedings at the Broadway salesrooms this afternoon. The sale is by order of court in a suit by James R. Roosevelt, who holds a mortgage judgment for $27,000 against Weeks and his wife.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—It was long after midnight this morning when the midwinter banquet of the Fellowship Club at Kinsley's came to a close with the passing around of the loving cup and the singing of Auld Lang Syne. The banquet was in the nature of a farewell to J. W. Scott, president of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, and publisher of the Chicago Herald and Chicago Post, Hon. F. S. Winston, ex-Minister to Persia, and Hon. Lyman J. Gage, the eminent financier and president of the First National Bank, who leave for New York to-morrow en route for the Orient, where they will remain several months.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—An exhibition of the press of the United States is to be one of the features of the International Exposition which opens at Antwerp on May 5th. Considerable space has been granted free by the government for this purpose. It is proposed to display the principal morning and evening papers of all parts of the United States, as well as the leading magazines and other periodicals issued in the United States and the great development in the art of newsgathering and printing. The American Propaganda, which has charge of the interests of the United States and of individual American exhibitors at the exposition, has opened correspondence on this subject with the United Press, the Associated Press and Hunt's News Bureau with the idea of securing complete representation of the American Daily Press, and has secured the co-operation of these organizations.

General Dispatches.

London, Jan. 29.—After the expenditure of many thousand dollars in alterations and renovations the oldest chapel in England will be re-opened to-morrow by the bishop of Marlborough, in the presence of a notable congregation, including, it is expected, several members of the royal family. It is attached to Gray's Inn, the resort and headquarters of the lawyers of the metropolis, and was built over 700 years ago. The archbishop of Canterbury, however, has refused to attend the service on the ground that the rules framed by the lawyers for the government of the chapel do not permit the usual confirmation. Although using the service of the Church of England, the lawyers regard the chapel as a little private affair of their own and manage it accordingly.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—A national farmers' congress opens in Regensburg, Bavaria, to-morrow, for the purpose of bringing into existence a Bavarian farmers' union. The call was issued by the high protectionists, and the avowed object of the movement is to initiate an attack upon the commercial policy of the imperial government.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Edward Elliott, grocer, Montreal, has assigned. Liabilities, $40,000; assets nominally the same.

Harold Kennedy and Miss Irvine, daughter of Judge Irvine, of the Quebec admiralty court, were married recently.

Hugh Blair was elected president of the Toronto board of trade and E. B. Osler vice-president, both by acclamation.

James Sedore, of Newburg, slipped down the river bank and plunged head foremost through the floating ice and was drowned.

John Callaghan, a Peterboro' moulder, suicided by cutting his throat with a razor. He was despondent owing to losses in business.

Irwin Clapp, a prominent farmer of Adolphustown, was drowned by his sleigh and team breaking through the ice while crossing the Bay of Quinte.

The wholesale merchandise firm of White, Pearson & Co., Toronto, has gone into the hands of a receiver as a result of disagreement among the partners.

The Toronto Rowing club has decided to enter J. J. Ryan, amateur sculling champion of America, for the diamond scull race at Henley on the Thames in July next.

James Alexander & Co., general merchants, of Campbellton, N. B., have assigned. Liabilities, $27,000; assets, $13,000. Alexander has left the country for San Francisco.

Two stores in Orillia owned by Mrs. (Captain) Smith, and occupied by E. F. Cooke & Co., merchant tailors, and Wainwright & Co., harness makers, were burned. Loss $6,000.

A bill has been introduced in the Manitoba legislature to prevent the loose system of marriage at present practiced by certain Hebrews in Winnipeg and to prevent the granting of divorces among them.

Archibald Melvin was sentenced at Bracebride to two years' imprisonment for bigamy. The prisoner has been married five times in all, and three of his wives are living and appeared in court against him.

An interesting feature of the Manitoba public accounts for 1893 is a complete detailed statement of all the expenditures in connection with the Manitoba exhibit at the World's fair in Chicago. The total cost of expenses is $39,749.91, total cost of building, $35,122.38.

The P. P. A. convention at Hamilton has closed. The committee on legislation did not report to the convention, their conclusions being considered too important to be given out until the elections are nearer. The committee on constitution favored a modified Canadian oath, and after a warm debate it was decided that the oath should allow a member to engage a Roman Catholic employe, but in all cases a Protestant should have preference over a Roman Catholic.

POLITICS IN CHILLIWACK.

The Government Supporters Organize for the Coming Fight.

A meeting of the "electors of Chilliwack who are supporters of or are in sympathy with the present government," (to quote the notice calling the meeting) was held in Henderson's hall, Chilliwack, on Saturday, 20th January, and the secretary reports that "quite a large number were in attendance."

D. McGillivray was elected to the chair and W. M. Wood acted as secretary.

The object of the meeting having been explained by the chairman, it was resolved that the time had arrived when it was expedient that a political organization was necessary in the public interest at Chilliwack, and that we do now proceed to the election of officers.

Officers were then elected as follows: D. McGillivray, president; J. C. Henderson, first vice; James Mercer, second vice; G. W. Chadsey, secretary-treasurer; Messrs. A. C. Wells, S. A. Cawley, J. A. Campbell, D. J. Kennedy, J. L. Atkinson, T. Higginson, L. W. Paisley, W. Knight, H. Webb, E. A. Kipp, A. E. Willis and A. H. Gillanders were chosen as an executive board.

A committee was appointed to prepare a constitution and a resolution was adopted naming the organization the Chilliwack Liberal Political association.

On motion it was resolved that a delegation, consisting of Messrs. D. McGillivray, J. C. Henderson, G. R. Ashwell, S. Cawley and J. L. Atkinson be appointed to go to Victoria and interview the provincial government and lay before it the public wants of the municipality, and to report the results of the mission to a meeting to be called by the president.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, **do not despair, do not give up!** Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List** and **be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. . D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Detroit, Michigan

The Splendor of an Indian Viceroy.

Sir Edwin Arnold considers it is not too extravagant to call the office of an Indian viceroy "sublime." No position in the world not actually royal approaches it for magnificence and for splendor; and probably no extant monarch keeps up so much visible state as the representative of Her Majesty at Calcutta. He points out that there are three types of Indian viceroys which are all good in their way. One is the man who, like Sir John Lawrence, knows the vast country by previous service, and therefore is the least likely to make administrative mistakes. The second is the practiced statesman, the assured master of state affairs, like Lord Dufferin, who carries to his splendid office the habits of command and the knowledge of men. And the third may be very well represented by Lord Elgin, the intelligent and high-bred ruler, who is sure of nothing save of his good-will to serve India and her Empress faithfully. Sir Edwin recalls a remark made by Lord Dufferin at Calcutta while viceroy. Sir Edwin had urged his lordship, having regard to the dangerous state of the frontier, not to expose himself again to the sun, as he had done at Delhi and elsewhere, contracting in consequence a slight fever. Laughingly Lord Dufferin answered, "Well, you see, they have been sending me recently always to the Arctic regions. They packed me off to St. Petersburg as ambassador, and then afterwards to Canada to be governor-general there, so that when I received the honor of appointment as viceroy of India, I said in my own mind, 'Now I will hang myself up to dry!' and possibly I have been overdoing it."

Canadian Presbyterian Influence.

A Scottish correspondent reports pleasant news from the Island of Ambrim, one of the New Hebrides group in the South Pacific Ocean, which the Presbyterians of Scotland, Canada and Australasia are civilizing. Little more than a year ago Dr. Lamb, graduate of Edinburgh University, was landed on the beach, not without misgivings, among a crowd of naked savages. Thanks partly to the temporary efforts of two brothers named Murray, from Aberdeen, and soon to his own medical skill and Christian teaching, Dr. Lamb reports the results of a year's work, in spite of a hurricane which destroyed some of it, as four churches, five more about to be built, 37 villages brought under his influence and half the island changed. Dr. Lamb's best assistants have been natives who returned from Queensland, where they became Christians. His industrial mission has so succeeded that the colonial labor vessels can no longer tempt the young men to leave the island. The hospital is famed far and near. While Bishop Selwyn's Milanesian mission deports the best scholars to Norfolk island to be there trained as teachers, and sent back, Dr. Lamb has thus far succeeded in educating the lads on the spot, where they do a fair day's work for a fair wage. The Ranon dialect and English are used as the languages of instruction. Ambrim is the "gem" of the group, being a paradise of cocoanut palms, with the smaller sister isle of Aoba by its side; Minnar Peak, behind the mission station, is the centre of the group, used by H. M. S. Dart as the point for fixing the position of the other islands. There are 8000 inhabitants, whose customs are of interest to ethnologists. Caste prevails in a curious form. The natives are divided into social grades called "Meis," each with its own hall, fire and fruit trees; wealth is reckoned by the number of pigs, and by these ascent into a higher grade can be purchased. This leads to enterprise and thrift, and this worship of ambition is described as the only idolatry. Morally, too, the effect is good. Dr. Lamb and his assistants have never lost a pin, though for a year at the mercy of the people. Poisoning is the form of witchcraft that prevails, and this is giving way to the Scottish doctor's art.

Mr. A. D. Leonard

of Utica, N. Y., suffered severely from Liver and Kidney troubles, causing great pain and That Tired Feeling. Other medicines failed to do him any good, but so successful and satisfactory was Hood's Sarsaparilla that he has taken no other medicine and is now well. The best known kidney and liver remedies are so happily combined with tonics and alteratives in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that it is an unequalled remedy for all troubles with these important organs, overcomes That Tired Feeling and makes the weak strong.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

This is what is needed.................

A Food and Tonic Combined

..............and you have it in

STAMINAL.

You cannot help getting strength under the combined influence of the vital principle of Beef and Wheat with Hypophosphites.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited, in liquidation.

All persons having claims against the above company are required to send in their claims, duly attested, to the undersigned, within ten days from this date.

Dated 20th day of January, 1894.

Room No. 2, A. H. SCAIFE,
Wilson House, Victoria. Liquidator.
j19-10t

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.

Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE

BARGAINS

FOR JANUARY.

14 yds Canton Flannel for $1.
7 yds. Grey Flannel for $1.
6 yds. White Flannel for $1.
14 yds. Flannelette for $1.
12 yds. Toweling for $1.
15 yds. White Calico for $1.
Women's Heavy Wool Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Women's Cashmere Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Children's Heavy Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.
Bed Comforts, 75c. each.
Grey Blankets, $2 a pair.
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
One more Case of those 50c. Corsets, worth 6c.

J. Horner & Co.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named Street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
j11-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: First street, between Bay and King's Road.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

$10 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROTESTANT ORPHAN'S HOME

Hillside Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-first annual meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the committee room of the City Hall, Victoria, on Tuesday, January 30th, 1894, at 8 p.m., to receive the reports of the retiring officers, to elect a Committee of Management for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may lawfully be brought before such meeting.

Donations and subscriptions for 1893 forwarded to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. James Hutcheson, on or before Monday, the 29th instant, will be acknowledged in his report.

CHARLES HAYWARD,
Honorary Secretary.
j23

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon" Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLIN.
Dec. 6th, 1893. ja17-30t

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE,
GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE,
VANILLA CHOCOLATE,
COCOA BUTTER,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

W. J. STODDART,

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasses which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.
417 Hastings street, Vancouver.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Prematureness of the discharge in 20 days.

Cures

BEFORE LOST AFTER MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility, Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St. San Francisco, Cal.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
ly20 Agents for B.C.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
1/m20 90 Third street, Victoria.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.

Customs Sale

Under instructions from A. R. Milne, Esq., collector, I will sell by public auction, at the Customs Warehouse, Wharf street, on

Wednesday, Feb. 7

at 11 o'clock a.m.

ABANDONED GOODS

481 PACKAGES CHINA WINES AND CORDIALS, various shipments, marks and numbers.

GOODS OVER TWO YEARS IN BONDED WAREHOUSE, various shipments, marks and numbers.

GOODS UNCLAIMED, various shipments, marks and numbers.

Full particulars will be published by catalogue.

Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

Real Estate.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, 11 A.M.

By order of the Supreme Court of B.C.

INTESTATE ESTATE OF JOHN McDONALD.

I will sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Victoria, Lot Six, Russell St., Victoria West, being a subdivision of acre lots 34, 36, and 38, Springfield, estate being part of section XXXI, Esquimalt District, together with cottage thereon.

For further particulars apply to J. P. Walls, Bastion Square, vendor's solicitor.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-&F

THEY ARE
PLEASANT TO TAKE
YET
POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Curing a Love Sick Youth.

A youth belonging to a highly respectable family at Saint Cloud recently met in the Boulevard de Strasbourg, in Paris, a young lady with whose appearance he was much struck. He followed her, watched her as she went into a house, and having ascertained her name, and the fact that she lived with her widowed mother, contrived to find someone who knew the ladies by way of getting an introduction to them. He was extremely well received, and repeated the visit more than once. Finally he determined to offer marriage to the young lady, and he spoke to the mother on the subject. The mother was very sympathetic, but declared it could not be. "But tell me why not," said the lovesick youth. "Because," said the widow, bursting into tears, "my husband is a convict, a villain, who, abusing the power the law gives him in France, has declared he will never give his consent to his daughter's marriage unless he has 10,000 francs given to him. The youth said he was willing to pay the money provided the father undertook never to molest him in any way, and in a few days the sum was forthcoming. The day after it was paid, however, the widow and her daughter decamped. The police are now on the look out for them.

Hood's and Only Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper berries and other well known remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative powers not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures when other preparations fail.

HOOD'S PILLS cure biliousness.

The joke that women have a general weakness for hiding their age has a better ground to rest upon than some favorite jibes at the sex can boast of. The census report of the United Kingdom just issued gravely announces that the figures of the ages of the people which it gives are to be regarded only as approximate, because of the desire of the female population to be counted younger than they really are.

For private circulation only.

CRANBROOK ESTATE, EAST KOOTENAY,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE CRANBROOK ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1890.

The Capital of the Company consists of:

350 Founders' shares of £1 each	£	350
3,000 Ordinary shares of £10 each		30,000
350 Mortgage Debentures of £100 each		35,000

The founders' shares will be entitled to half the profits and property of the company, subject to the above mentioned debentures, and are thus equal in value to the whole of the ordinary shares, but neither the founders' shares nor the ordinary shares will rank for dividend till after the whole of the debentures have been paid off. Each subscriber for a founders' share is to subscribe for one debenture in respect of each founders' share for which he subscribes. The debentures will be secured on the whole undertaking and property of the company. They will carry interest at 6 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, and will be redeemable at their par value on the 30th of December, 1903, with the option to the company to pay off all or any of such debentures by drawings at any time after 3 years at par, with interest to the date of payment, on giving six calendar months' notice. Interest will be payable half yearly.

The 3,000 ordinary shares will be issued to the vendor as fully-paid in full discharge of his interest in the property.

Present Issue of 300 FOUNDERS SHARES at £1 Each,

Payable in full on application; and

300—6 per cent. Mortgage Debentures,

Of £100 each, payable as follows:

On application	£	10
On allotment		15
On the 30th September, 1893		25
On the 30th December, 1893		50
		£100

TRUSTEES FOR DEBENTURE HOLDERS.

The following gentlemen have undertaken to act as Trustees for the Debenture holders:—

Colonel Sir Charles Euan-Smith, K.C.B., &c., 11, Draycott Place, Cadogan Gardens, S.W.

Edmund Thomas Hale, Esq., The Grange, Chew Magna, Somerset.

DIRECTORS.

The Hon. Sir Joseph W. Trutch, K.C.M.G., &c., Ogbeare Hall, Holsworthy, Devon; and Fairfield, Victoria, British Columbia. (Chairman).

The Earl of Denbigh, Newnham Paddox, Lutterworth.

Sir Francis Osborne, Bart. 36, Gloucester Place, Hyde Park, W.

Edmund Thomas Hale, Esq., The Grange, Chew Magna, Somerset.

*Lieut.-Colonel The Hon. James Baker, M. P.P., British Columbia, Managing Director.

*Will Join the Board after Allotment.

BANKERS.

Martins' Bank, Limited, 68, Lombard Street, E.C.

The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, British Columbia.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. Webster & Hague, 7, Southampton Street, Bloomsbury Square, London.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. Herman Lescher & Company, 6, Clement's Lane, E.C.

SECRETARY.

William Standert Bewicke, Esq.

REGISTERED OFFICE.

7, Southampton Street, Bloomsbury Square, London.

PROSPECTUS.

The company has been formed for the purpose of acquiring, developing and selling the Cranbrook estate in the East Kootenay valley, in the province of British Columbia. The directors believe that an exceptional opportunity now offers for the acquisition of this estate.

The estate lies on the authorized route of the proposed Crow's Nest pass and Lower Kootenay river section of the British Columbia Southern Railway Co.

This railway, when constructed, will afford direct railway communication between the estate and the Crow's Nest pass. The railway company by an agreement dated May 29th, 1893, between the company of the one part and the vendor of the other part, made pursuant to a resolution passed on December 14th, 1892, has undertaken to build its sectional depot and railway workshops upon the Cranbrook estate when its railway has been constructed to that point upon and in consideration of a conveyance to it free of charge of the site of the depot and workshops, and of alternate blocks of the townsite (1,500 acres) to be laid out around the depot and workshops.

The estate contains 18,000 acres and is held in fee simple under grants from the crown, which include the timber (of which there is considerable quantity) and all minerals except gold and silver. The estate is selected by the vendor on account of the very great natural advantages of its position, and is generally considered one of the finest in British Columbia. It has been recently reported on (on behalf of the vendor) by Mr. A. P. Cummins (stipendiary magistrate, gold commissioner and provincial land surveyor. It will be seen from his report (a copy of which accompanies) that a considerable portion of the estate is well adapted for agriculture, and that it is surrounded by about 150,000 acres of free pasture land.

There is an extensive frontage to the Kootenay river, by which there is direct steamer communication during the summer months with Jennings in Montana, about 130 miles distant, on the Great Northern railway of the United States. The climate and scenery of Cranbrook are very attractive. It is within about 35 miles of the great coal and petroleum fields at the Crow's Nest pass, Rocky mountains, to which place a branch of the Canadian Pacific railway is in course of construction from Fort McLeod in Alberta. About three miles distant there is the Roman Catholic mission of St. Eugene, with a large industrial school for boys and girls. The government court house and custom house, and the residences of the recorder, constable, Indian commissioner and doctor, and an hotel and general store are at present at Fort Steele on the other side of the river.

The directors are informed by the vendor that the estate commands the only pass in British Columbia discovered in the Selkirk range available for railway purposes within a distance of 200 miles south of the pass through which the Canadian Pacific railway runs.

The plant, live stock, etc., at present on the estate are included in the purchase.

Explorations of the surrounding country indicate that the whole district is exceptionally rich in minerals and likely to attract a considerable population.

At Wild Horse Creek, opposite Cranbook, millions of dollars in gold have been taken out by placer mining in the last thirty years, and large quantities of the same metal have been taken out from Perry Creek, Palmer's Bar, Weaver Creek, Mouyea River and Bull River, all within a radius of 18 miles of Cranbrook. The vendor states that Dr. Dawson, the Dominion geologist, has expressed the opinion that all this placer gold must have been produced from quartz beds in the neighborhood which have yet to de discovered. A description of the discovery of a large vein of argentiferous galena, known as the North Star mine, in the immediate vicinity of the estate, will be found in an article in the Western World of November last, a copy of which accompanies.

With regard to the coal fields in the Crow's Nest pass, Dr. Selwyn, head of the geological department, Dominion of Canada, after visiting the fields in 1891, reported as follows: "The few hours I was able to spend on the ground, while not sufficient to enable me to affirm the absolute correctness of the details of the table, were, however, ample to enable me to see that there is in the Crow's Nest pass, between the eastern summit, 4,330 feet above tide, and the valley of Elk river in British Columbia, an area of not less than 144 square miles, and that this is destined to be one of the most valuable and most productive coal fields in Canada."

The vendor states that these coal fields have been purchased and are about to be worked by the British Columbia Coal, Petroleum and Mineral Company, limited liability, in conjunction with the British Columbia Southern Railway Company.

It is confidently expected that the construction of the railway through the estate will lead to a large and almost immediate increase in the value of the property, and enable advantageous sales to be made within a short period. Some idea of the rapid development of towns in mining districts, such as Cranbrook, may be formed from the growth of the towns of Nelson and Kaslo, in West Kootenay.

The townsite of Cranbrook will consist of 1,500 acres and will be situated on the Kootenay river at the point shown on the plan which accompanies. It will be divided into about 6,000 lots, half of which go to the railway, as mentioned above. It is proposed to proceed with the development of the town site at once, to sell lots on this site, from time to time, as opportunity offers, and to construct a wharf on the Kootenay river.

There are mortgages and other liabilities upon the estate amounting at this date to a sum not exceeding £23,000, which will be paid and discharged out of the capital to be obtained by the present issue of founders' shares and debentures in order that the estate may be vested in the trustees in trust for the debenture holders free from all encumbrances whatsoever. The debenture holders will thus have the whole of the estate as security whilst the debentures are running.

The price to be paid for the estate (subject to the said mortgages and other liabilities thereon) is £30,000, which will be satisfied by the allotment to the vendor of 3,000 ordinary shares, fully paid up. No cash will be paid for the purchase, but the directors will pay to the vendor a sum of cash, not exceeding £600 in respect of the preliminary expenses, law costs, etc., incurred by him incidental to the formation of the company up to allotment.

A sum of £5,400, part of the said capital, will be paid over to the debenture trustees to secure the interest on the debentures for the first three years during the development of the estate.

The ordinary and the founders' shares will not rank for dividend till after the whole of the debentures have been paid off, but as soon as this has been done they will divide the entire profits.

The following contract has been entered into, namely: "An agreement dated the 10th day of July, 1893, made between the Hon. James Baker, the vendor, of the one part, and the company of the other part.

The information contained in this prospectus as to the Cranbrook estate and as to other matters affecting its value, has been supplied to the directors by the vendor. The vendor is the provincial secretary, minister of education and minister of mines of British Columbia, and the directors have every confidence in the accuracy of the information supplied.

Copies of the above mentioned agreements, the resolution passed by the British Columbia Southern Railway Company, the memorandum and articles of association, Mr. Cummins' report, and the form of the proposed debentures and trust deed, can be inspected at the office of the solicitors of the company.

Prospectuses, with forms of application for founders' shares and debentures, can be obtained at the offices of the company, or of the solicitors. Applications for founders' shares and debentures should be made on the accompanying form, and forwarded to the bankers of the company, with the amount of the deposit. No allotment will be made unless the whole of the present issue of founders' shares and debentures is subscribed for, and if no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full. Where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance will be applied towards the payment due on allotment, and any excess returned to the applicant.

Dated July 12th, 1893.

COPY REPORT BY MR. A. P. CUMMINS,

Stipendiary Magistrate, Gold Commissioner, Government Agent and Provincial Land Surveyor, British Columbia, on behalf of the Vendor.

Provincial Government Office,
Donald, B. C.
April 22nd, 1893.

Colonel The Hon. James Baker, Victoria:

Dear Sir,—In compliance with your desire, I beg to hand you the enclosed report and approximate valuation in connection with the Cranbrook Estate, based on personal knowledge of the property acquired, whilst making the Official Surveys of portions of the lands in question, and at other times when I have been in a position to become well acquainted with the estate, and with the resources of the surrounding district generally. I am, yours faithfully,

(Signed) A. P. CUMMINS,
Provl. Land Surveyor, &c., &c.

This estate is situated on the Southern portion of the East Kootenay district, immediately west of the Kootenay river, and south of its tributary the St. Mary's river. The proposed line of the British Columbia Southern Railway passes through the estate. The home-farm and buildings are situated at a distance of ten miles from Fort Steele, and about six miles from the St. Eugene Mission, connected with the former place and with the Trunk Road of the district by a well-constructed wagon road.

The area of the estate is 18,000 acres, according to the official surveys, the land being held in fee simple under grants from the Crown, which include the timber and all minerals excepting gold and silver. I should estimate that about 2,000 acres, or more, would be specially valuable for the timber, which consists of excellent larch, pine, and Douglas fir of large size, suitable for lumber. It is estimated that about two-thirds of the land is suitable for agriculture, whilst the whole estate at the present time affords fine range for cattle and horses, the latter especially having been found to thrive remarkably well, running out all winter, and living on the natural pasture.

The estate is surrounded by, say 150,000 acres of free pasture land, affording fine summer range.

It is understood that the reason that this property has not before been stocked, so as to place it on a paying basis, was the lack of sufficient capital on the part of the present owner. Only a portion of the Cranbrook Farm, amounting to some 120 acres, has, so far, been brought under cultivation, to feed a small band of shorthorn cattle, numbering 250 head.

About 8 miles of excellent fencing exists on the estate, with rails ready cut for two miles more; also numerous farm buildings, a capacious general store building, a dwelling house, outhouses, &c., &c.

The land has been found to grow excellent wheat, barley, oats, rye, peas, potatoes, turnips, carrots, mangolds, cabbages, hops, and garden produce generally. It is also considered that apples, pears, cherries, and plums would probably thrive. Berries of all kinds should do very well. Apples are successfully grown at Wild Horses, and some trials which have been made with other fruits by neighboring farmers promise well. Wild strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries, and cherries grow in great quantities. The most paying crops in the immediate future would be hay, oats, potatoes, and other roots, as exceptionally high prices can be relied on during the construction of the railroads, and in supplying the mining camps now starting up. There will be ready sale for almost any quantity of hay, at $20 per ton and upwards, to the railway construction camps. The cost of production and baleing of hay should not exceed $8 to $9 per ton, and should be much reduced after the meadows have been got into good order.

THE TOWN SITE.

Fifteen hundred acres of bottom land, a portion of the estate, situate on the Kootenay river, about nine miles below Fort Steele, has been selected as a town site, and an agreement between the owner of the estate, and the British Columbia Southern Railway Company has been signed, binding the company to establish their Divisional Station and workshops at this point, the company to receive alternate blocks in the town site gratis. The total number of lots is to be 6,000. This site has been most judiciously selected, and possesses all the natural advantages which should secure its growing into a town of considerable magnitude and importance. It will be situated in a rich mining district, surrounded by good farming, cattle ranching and lumbering country. It is on the navigable waters of the Kootenay river, having existing steamboat communication with the Great Northern Railway at Jennings, U.S.A., and wagon road and steamboat connection with the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Golden. It will be brought into direct railway communication with both the Canadian and United States transcontinental railway systems, by the projected lines of railway on which construction has been actively commenced in the Crow's Nest Pass.

With these natural and special advantages, and the proximity of the town site to the inexhaustable coal fields of the Crow's Nest, the opinion seems justified that the future town is likely to become a centre for smelting works, saw mills and other industries.

In the existing state of the mining districts of Kootenay, it is next to impossible to make any accurate valuations of property. In consequence of the rapid strides made in the discovery of mineral, and the construction and projecting of railways, the former sales of land in these localities afford but a very imperfect basis in estimating the value of lands at the present time. The agricultural and pastoral land of the Columbia and Kootenay valleys is very limited in extent compared with the mountainous regions which have now given conclusive evidence of great mineral wealth. The lands will therefore, as has been the case in the mining countries in the United States, prove of proportionately greater value. Nearly all the available lands of this district have now been appropriated, and are being held for speculative purposes, awaiting the development of the mines, whilst the sale of what Crown land remains has been stopped by recent legislation.

The prices paid for land in the Columbia and Kootenay Valleys during the past few years indicate a value of from $5 to $15 an acre for lands purchased for farming and cattle raising, independent of possible speculative value. I therefore consider that a fair valuation of the Cranbrook Estate would be $12 an acre all round, exclusive of the town site.

I cannot attempt a valuation of the town site property. I may, however, mention that lots in the mining towns of Nelson and Kaslo, which have recently sprung up in West Kootenay, have been selling at from $500 to $3,000 each.

The scenery of Kootenay is justly considered most beautiful, and Cranbook affords some of the loveliest views of the district.

Excellent shooting and fishing prevails in the locality.

(Signed) A. P. CUMMINS,
Provincial Land Surveyor &c., &c.

A Chloroform Story.

H.C.M. rites to the London Daily News:—"Your notice of the discovery of chloroform in 1847 recalls a curious experience in my Cambridge under-graduate life. One evening in January, 1851, I went into a chemist's shop and ordered some photographic chemicals to be sent to my rooms hard by; I was lodging on the Parade. Seeing an ounce bottle of chloroform on the counter I bought it out of curiosity, and took it away with me, leaving the chemicals to follow. In my own rooms, seated in an arm chair, I put four drops on my handkerchief, and carefully placing the bottle on the table at some distance from me, I sniffed the handkerchief. A pleasant sensation and a singing in my ears was the only result. So, shortly afterwards, I counted out eight drops, and acted as before. The next thing I remember is finding myself on the floor on my back, my dress undone, my face, etc., dripping with cold water, and hearing a voice, 'He's coming to, I do believe.' Yes, it was so. I came to, after having been unconscious two hours and a half. Next day my doctor went out with the fox-hounds, was greeted with, 'Hulloa, doctor! So you raised a man from the dead last night?' 'You may well say that,' was the reply, for I had given up all hopes.' I was very puzzled to account for the effect of my carefully measured dose; all that I could gather from the servant was that she brought me up a parcel from the chemist, and seeing me asleep tried to wake me, then, 'finding I was dead,' ran down into the shop calling out, 'Mr. M.—— is dead.' Two Trinity men were in the shop. One went on to the 6 p.m. chapel telling every one of my sudden death; the other, after a glance at me, kindly called in Dr. C——. Some time afterwards the mystery was cleared up. The 'slavey' gave warning, and the day she left she made the following confession:—'You remember that night you were nearly dead, sir? Well, you know, sir, I thought you had fainted, and I see the bottle on the table and I thought it was salts, so I took out the stopper and held it to your nose; but as it didn't do no good I poured a lot of it out into my hand and rubbed it all over your nose and mouth.' I told my doctor the story. He replied, 'Well, my dear fellow, all I can say is this: if ever you have to undergo an operation you can tell your family doctor that you can take chloroform.' Thank God, that necessity has never arisen."

To grow old gracefully, one must live temperately, calmly, methodically; be interested in all that is going on in the world; be cheerful, happy, and contented, and above all, keep the blood pure and vigorous by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Be sure you get Ayer's.

Miscellany.

Several European sovereigns are renowned for the length of time which they wear their clothes. The record in this respect, however, is broken by the rector of the Berlin university, who has just been compelled to order a new official mantle at a cost of 2,400 marks. The one which he has worn until now was made exactly 192 years ago.

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PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

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A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong—
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
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NO. 217.

A BY-LAW

A By-Law to change the name of a portion of the Saanich Road and to authorize the names of streets situate within the limits of the City of Victoria to be affixed at the corners of the said streets upon either public or private property.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. That the name of that portion of the street now called or known as the Saanich Road, situate within the limits of the City of Victoria which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue, being a continuation of the street known as Douglas street, be and the same is hereby changed to that of Douglas street, and the said portion of Saanich Road which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue shall hereafter be called and known as Douglas street.

2. It shall be lawful for the Corporation under the direction of the City Engineer to affix at the corners of any street within the City of Victoria, and either on public or private property boards or other signs with the names of such streets respectively appearing thereon.

3. This by-law may be cited as "The Street Sign By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 20th day of December, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 26th day of December, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

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HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

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Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

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The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.,
NELSON, B. C.

1894.

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THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer. Five Sister Block. n4

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PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe a.
1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oc9 K. of R. &S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
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E C SMITH secretary.

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And help of all kinds furnished on short notice, free of charge.
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NOTICE.
The Victoria and Esquimalt Mail and Express will make a change for two months, commencing 1st February to 1st April. Leave Post Office at 8–11–3. return at 9–12–4. W. J. KING, Prop.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHARITY BALL
Given for the benefit of the poor of Victoria, by the
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS,
—IN—
ASSEMBLY HALL,
—ON—
Wednesday, 31st January, 1894.

Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, $1.50, can be procured from Watson & Hall, grocers; Dean & Cryderman, druggists; office of Kurtz & Co; R. Jamieson, bookstore; C. E. Jones, druggist; Geo. S. Russell; T. N. Hibben, bookstore; H. Waller, clothier. Or of the following committee: M. J. Conlin, F. LeRoy, H. B. Rendell, Thos. Watson, E. E. Leason, F. M. Cryderman, Geo. S. Russell, O. P. Myers, G. K. Gilbert, Chas. Bush.
O. P. MYERS, Treas. ED. E. LEASON, Sec'y.
GEO. S. RUSSELL, Chairman.

A SOCIAL
Will be given on Tuesday, January 30th, by the Societies of the Central Church in the hall next the church. An entertaining programme is being prepared to consist of songs, recitations and readings, after which refreshments will be supplied. j25-td

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

St. George's Hotel,
ESQUIMALT ROAD.
Having purchased the above house and thoroughly renovated it, I will open up Tuesday night, Jan. 30th, on which occasion I will be pleased to see my friends and the public. Free lunch. Choicest wines, spirits and cigars.
j26-1w FRANK G. NORRIS.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.
The Annual general meeting of the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street, (opposite View street) on Wednesday, 31st January, 1894, at 8 p.m.
To receive the directors' report, also secretary's report and balance sheet for the past year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting, also Election of Officers and Board of Management.
By order
A. St. G. FLINT, Secretary.
j27

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon Street, Victoria.
Families and single gentlemen who desire first class accommodation for the winter will do well to call at the Douglas House and get prices.
Special rates will be given to permanent guests.
MRS. J. ECKERSLEY.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A night clerk. Address "City Hotel," Times office. j26-3t

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good family cow, quiet and gentle; $65. Address J. M., Times office. j27-tf

A RARE SNAP FOR SALE—The finest business that can be desired, being two large branches of the Paragon Oil business in the States, with 2c. per gallon royalty on oil sold in two other large cities and other rights pertaining to the Paragon Oil Can. The plant alone is worth more than is asked for the whole. Two good men can make a large fortune in a short time. Easy terms. Apply Paragon Oil Co., Victoria. j27-tf

FOR SALE—An organ in good condition; cheap. Apply 6 North Park street. j25-6t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—3 or 4 doz. fine laying hens; one and two years; what offers. X., Times office. j25-3t

TO BE SOLD—Do you want to buy a beautiful present? Now is your time. An upright grand piano by Bush & Gerts of Chicago; perfectly new; cost nearly $600; will be sold to the first offer over $275! Cash. Apply 51 Yates St. j23-tf

FOR SALE—Royal Saloon. Apply at 40 Quadra street. j3-1m

FARM FOR SALE Or Exchange for city property. Apply Shore's Hardware Store, 57 Johnson St. ja 11-1mo

TO LET.

TO LET—Adjoining Government buildings, first class bedrooms with use of sitting room and fire; first class house-keeping rooms for married couple. 63 Superior St., James Bay.

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TO LET—Nine-roomed 2-storey house; large garden; near sea and cars; rent low. 224 Simcoe street, between Montreal and St. Lawrence streets, James Bay. d21-1m

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any bills or debts contracted by anyone in my name without a written order. M. Salmon. j26-3t

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

PRIVATE PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS
Of heads and photographs daily at the Balmoral Hotel by Prof. Cosens of New York. j22-2w

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The Daily Times.

CHINESE RESTRICTION.

Our attention has been called to the fact that during last session the legislative assembly adopted a resolution on Chinese immigration offered by Mr. Punch similar to that which was passed at Dr. Watt's instance the other day. This fact does not remove the impression that a number of the members are much readier, now that dissolution closely approaches, to support restrictive proposals than they were a year ago. This is a fair inference, as we have already affirmed, from the remarks made in the course of the two debates to which we referred. If a fair test had been offered by the introduction of a resolution like that moved by Mr. Keith last session, the vote and the speeches would most likely have borne a different complexion from those of a year ago. But it is quite probable that during this session opportunities will be offered the members to pronounce for or against practical measures for the restriction of the Chinese influx, such as the exclusion of Chinese labor from semi-state enterprises. Perhaps the sincerity of the gentlemen who have lately acquired sympathy with the white workingmen will be equal to the occasion, so that there may be unanimous votes in favor of these propositions. Mr. Keith might even be encouraged to make another attempt to secure effective legislation for the exclusion of cheap and dangerous Oriental labor from the underground workings of the mine. It is hard to say what change in the temper of the assembly has been made by the approach of the election.

THE SEAL REGULATIONS.

The following Washington dispatch appears in some of the American papers, and bears evidence of more or less "official" inspiration:

As the time approaches for putting into force the regulations to protect seal life in the Behring Sea it becomes more evident that it will be difficult to make regulations to conform with the recommendations of the Behring Sea tribunal. The condition is that the United States and Great Britain, even by agreement and co-operation, cannot protect seal life beyond the three mile limit of land and islands, except against their own citizens, under their own flag. Most of depredations in the past have been under the British flag by Canadian sealers. This can be stopped, but if these Canadian sealers can sail under the Korean flag or that of any other nation not a party to the agreement they cannot be prevented from pursuing pelagic sealing. Neither can citizens of nations not a party to the agreement be molested. The main task in the preparation of the regulations is, therefore, securing an agreement from other nations not to allow their flags to be used to protect depredators. The labors of Secretary Gresham and Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador, are believed to be directed to that end. Russia and Japan, it is believed, have already expressed willingness to co-operate. Whether the consent of any other nations can be secured cannot be ascertained. There is a vast deal of detail to be arranged, so there is reason for doubt whether the regulations can be perfected before the sealing season opens.

There is not much news in this, as the likelihood of Russia and Japan entering into the agreement with Great Britain and the United States, has already been intimated. But from the reading of the dispatch it may fairly be judged that no other nation has as yet given in its adherence to the Paris regulations. This fact is of no great importance at present, as a change of flag would be out of question for the sealers this season, and new developments may intervene before another season opens. In reading the dispatch it is impossible to miss the peculiar hostility to Canada and the dense stupidity which pervades the official and newspaper mind in the United States as regards this sealing question. The dispatch coolly speaks of "depredations" committed by Canadian sealers, while the official tribunal to which the United States was a party declared in effect that our sealers were the victims of the only "depredations" committed. Canadian sealing vessels were unlawfully seized while pursuing a perfectly legal calling. In the same spirit of malice and wilful stupidity some of the American papers speak of our sealers as "poachers." What a dolt a man must be who now fails to appreciate the fact that the law was on the side of the sealer, and that the so-called "poachers" were in the habit of going just where they had every right to go. We fear the misnomer is in some cases the result of malice and prejudice, not of simple ignorance.

THE PEMBERTON BEQUEST.

It appears that there are two propositions to be considered by the Jubilee Hospital directors this evening in regard to the bequest of the late Mr. J. D. Pemberton. One is that the money should be spent in the erection of a separate maternity ward, to be called the Pemberton ward. On the other hand it is contended that a maternity ward to bear that title can be very well set apart in the buildings as they now stand, the bequest being thus used to help clear off the indebtedness now burdening the institution. There are no instructions in the will requiring the erection of a new building as a condition of the bequest, and to all appearances the testator's wishes will be as completely carried out by the second plan as by the first. This being the case there should be no hesitation in adopting the second plan, which is more likely than the other to further the interests of the hospital. The state of the institution's finances appears to us to argue most strongly in this direction.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe writes: "The representatives of the iron industry are at loggerheads as to what should be done for them by the tariff. The raw material of the rolling mill proprietors is largely wrought scrap iron, upon which there is a duty of $2 per ton. If they had their way they would admit scrap iron free of duty, as they import an enormous quantity. The furnaces, however, which produce pig iron as their manufactured product, believe that the rolling mills ought to consume this pig iron, and that if the duty on scrap iron was doubled it would so stimulate the production of pig iron that there would be a sufficient quantity for the supply of the rolling mills. The pig iron manufacturers say that the duty on scrap iron is out of all proportion to the duties on other classes of iron. Mr. A. T. Patterson, a representative of the Londonderry Iron Company, is authority for the statement that the low rate of duty on scrap iron is inconsistent with the principle of a uniform protective tariff for the iron industry, and should be increased, and also because, owing to large importations, it enables opponents to prove that the tariff is not devised to protect labor, and thus seriously endanger the whole system. It was absurd, he said, to put a duty of $4 a ton on pig iron, and only half that on a more finished grade like scrap iron. The duty on bar iron, at the rate it now sells in Canada, $10 a ton, is 110 per cent. The duty has enabled the bar people to form a combine, which was dissolved the other day because they thought it more advantageous just now to be uncontrolled by any agreement."

Some time ago we made reference to the Northwest school ordinance and its consideration by the Dominion government. Judging from the following Ottawa dispatch the question has been settled, at least so far as disallowance is concerned: "An order-in-council approving Sir John Thompson's report on the Northwest school ordinance, leaving it to its operation but recommending that the Northwest executive be requested to modify the school regulations which are considered obnoxious to Roman Catholics, has been signed by the Governor-General. Some friends of the government are nervous as to the effect of Thompson's action in tendering advice to the Northwest government in regard to school matters. They fear that it may be looked upon in Ontario as an attempt to coerce the territorial authorities and in view of the strong Protestant feeling existing throughout this province, they think the government should have approved the Northwest school ordinance without making any request to Haultain's government with respect to regulations."

Through the kindness of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor the Times is in receipt of a copy of the first part of the Geological Survey report for the year 1890-91, which has just been issued. Though of less direct interest to British Columbians than some of its predecessors, this volume contains much to interest the many people who closely watch for new information in regard to Canada's geology, and particularly in regard to her mineral resources. The report of Mr. McConnell, on the country between the Peace and Athabasca rivers, and that of Dr. Bell on the Sudbury nickel region, are prominent features of this volume.

How the Maharaja Was Converted.

In a memoir of the late Maharaja Duleep Singh, Sir Lepel Griffin gives some curious particulars of the Maharaja's conversion to Christianity. The story is thus told by a former resident at Fatahgarh: "The three boys, Tommy Scott, Duleep Singh and another, were playing together and got very hot. The two English boys then drank water out of the lotah, but refused to give it to the little Maharaja, as doing so would spoil his caste. Thirsty Duleep Singh, however, said he must have a drink, and he would become a Christian. So he drank out of the lotah which the other boys had used and ran into the house and announced his change of religion. Duleep Singh's cousin, however, remained a Sikh, for he was in charge of female relatives who looked carefully after him." According to his own account, the youthful ex-sovereign of the Sikh nation asked his Brahmin attendant to read him passages from the Bible, with which he was much impressed, and which to his intelligence compared favorably with the superstitious doctrines of the Hindu priest. He suddenly declared his intention of becoming a Christian.

"VIVE LA COMMUNE."

Deputy Thievron's Extraordinary Behavior in the French Chamber.

Paris, Jan. 27.—There was a turbulent scene in the chamber to-day, and the sitting was finally suspended by the president. Clovis Hugues interpellated the government on the recent arrests of anarchists and reproached the government with the prosecution as a pretext for suppressing socialists. Raynal, minister of the interior, replied that the government only applied the laws passed by the deputies, and justified the seizure of correspondence by quoting extracts from the writings of Recius. Raynal said it was difficult to distinguish between socialists and anarchists.

Then followed a scene rarely, if ever, equalled in the chamber. Men cursed and swore at each other, and shook fists beneath each other's noses. Several breaches of the peace occurred, and one pugnacious deputy went so far as to challenge a fellow member to decide their differences by recourse to le savate. M. Thievron, a so-called "workmen's deputy," who has already made himself notorious by wearing a blouse in the chamber, became so excited that he threw his cap in the air and shouted "Vive la Commune," and a number of communistic exclamations which entitle him to censure and expulsion from the chamber.

President Dupuy thereupon invited the excited deputy to withdraw the expressions. M. Thievron refused to do so in the most violent language, and loudly repeated the objectionable words several times, in addition making an offensive gesture toward the President. This caused the president to firmly request the deputy to leave the chamber.

Then followed another scene of extreme disorder, all the socialists rising in their seats and gesticulating violently and uttering all kinds of loud, protesting cries and insulting remarks. The socialists then formed a circle around M. Thievron, who hurled defiance at the president, positively refusing to obey and leave the chamber.

M. Dupuy then had nothing left but to suspend the sitting, and he so ordered, and also issued orders that the chamber be cleared by the ushers, but M. Thievron, with 30 socialist friends, continued defiant toward the president and positively refused to obey the ushers, who asked them to vacate their seats and leave the chamber. The president then instructed one of the officers on duty in the chamber to call the colonel commanding the guards stationed in the halls. Accordingly the colonel of the guards entered the chamber at the head of a detachment of soldiers and invited Thievron to obey the orders of the president to leave the chamber, but M. Thievron still declined to leave his seat, which caused the colonel to remark that if he persisted in refusing he would order him removed by force. The colonel then called upon a file of soldiers to surround M. Thievron, and was on the point of having him removed by force when the excited deputy rose and slowly moved toward the door, crying: Vive la Commune." The cry was taken up by the socialists and one of them, Vaillant, representing the 20th arondissement of Paris, when the sitting was resumed, declared that he and his friends were in hearty sympathy with Thievron. This statement from Vaillant caused deafening uproar, at the close of which the socialists called "assassins," "communists" and other similar names. Threats and oaths and abuse were heard on all sides. The president was obliged to ring the bell violently in order to obtain silence, after which the order of the day, voting confidence in the government, was carried by a vote of 408 to 64, amid additional uproar and excitement. Deputy Thievron is excluded from the chamber for a fortnight, and in addition will be deprived of half his salary.

QUADRUPLEXED.

The System of Sending and Receiving Four Messages Over One Wire.

A set of quadruplex instruments has been put in successful operation at the C. P. R. telegraph office, for use between this city and Vancouver, the repeating point.

A set of quadruplex apparatus is a combination of telegraph instruments, whereby the distant office (Vancouver) can send two messages to the home office (Victoria) and Victoria can send two messages to Vancouver simultaneously, and all over the same wire. To many persons this would seem to be an incredible and impossible feat, whereas to the initiated its principles are extremely simple. A short description of how this is accomplished may prove not uninteresting.

A quadruplex, or as it is nicknamed by the profession of telegraphers a "quad," is merely a combination of two different methods of "duplexing" or doubling the capacity of a single wire. The first duplex system was the Stearns, successfully operated in 1872. The success of the Stearns proved a stimulus to further advance, and in 1874 Thomas A. Edison and George B. Prescott jointly devised and put into operation the double duplex, better known as the quadruplex. The Stearns is operated by increasing and decreasing the quantity of current flowing from either end. Victoria, for illustration, has his key (sending apparatus) open. This decreases the battery on the home end of the wire by two-thirds. The Vancouver relay (receiving instrument) has felt the loss of electric current and stands open. Now Victoria closes his key. This puts the full strength of the battery to the line. It flows through the home relay, which is unaffected, and one half of it flows on to Vancouver, closing that relay with the click so familiar in telegraph offices, and recording a signal. Now to explain why the home relay remains unaffected by the passage of the current en route to Vancouver through its electro magnetic coils. A relay consists of an electro magnet, and an electro magnet consists of two bars of soft iron jointed together at one end and wound around with fine insulated wire. When a current is passed through those coils it converts the iron bars into an electro magnet. This magnet will attract a piece of steel swinging in front of it and bring it forward with a click, recording a signal. Now open the key, which removes the battery from the line, and the electro magnetic coils are demagnetized. They have now no attractive force, and the steel armature flies back, being under the influence of a retractile spring. If one coil of this electro magnet is wound in one direction and the other in the opposite direction one current wil neutralize the other, and no magnetic action will take place. This is what is done with the current leaving Victoria. When it reaches the home relay it finds two routes open. One half proceeds to Vancouver through one coil of the home relay, the other proceeds through the second coil, and an artificial line, of equal length to the wire to Vancouver, to the home ground. It has no effect upon the home relay, because one half neutralizes the other, but when it reaches Vancouver it passes through only one coil of his relay, magnetizing it and attracting the steel bar, previously mentioned, and recording a signal. His battery takes a similar course and has the same effect upon the Victoria instrument. This is the second or common side of a "quad." The first side consists of a "polar duplex." The theory in this is the same, except that the relay remains unaffected by the strength of the current on the magnet, responding only to the "polarity" of the signals. That is, it is affected only when the copper to line is changed to zinc, or vice versa. The former sends a positive and the latter a negative current. The change in polarity, however, does not affect the Stearns, and so the two systems of duplexing are simultaneously worked and the wire is quadruplexed.

It requires eight operators to work it to its full capacity, four at each end. This device will greatly facilitate business, and enable the C. P. R. telegraph company to handle their business from Victoria with great dispatch.

American News.

New York, Jan. 29.—Ford, the man found in the lake in Central park to-day, is belived to have been accidentally drowned. He was a travelling salesman for dentists' supplies.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—The republican programme regarding the income tax bill is not fully outlined, but present appearances indicate that it will receive united support when the vote is taken to incorporate it in the tariff bill.

Mansfield, Pa., Jan. 29.—Reports from Brightville, Essina and Beading show all these places quiet. It was here trouble was most feared last night. None of the threats of the rioters were put into execution. At present deputies are still guarding the various mines, but no trouble is expected to-day.

New York, Jan. 29.—Mrs. Celia Nicholas, who has commenced suit against Geo. J. Gould for $40,000, arrived on the Labrador to-day. She disappeared from this city on December 12th, and subsequently it was feared she had sailed for Europe under the name of Harris, accompanied by Al Rushman, who was appointed her guardian by the courts, and who later proved to be her husband. Her return to this city to-day was as secret as her departure. Instead, however, of choosing a Jewish name, the couple thought to throw the police and public off the scent by adopting that of Moore.

Death of a Noted American.

Tacoma, Wn., Jan. 29.—Judge Wm. H. Calkins, ex-congressman from Indiana, died of Bright's disease this morning at 5, at his home in this city, aged 52. For two months past he had been confined to the house most of the time. Last evening he was resting easily, and it was thought he would live several days yet. His last wish was gratified on Saturday by the arrival from Italy of his daughter, who was cabled to come to his bedside from her wedding trip. Judge Calkins lived here nearly five years.

Marine

The steamer North Pacific brought in 807 sheep to-day from John Parker.

The new side wheel steamer for the Victoria-Vancouver service is to be ready by June.

The schooner Walter L. Rich will go to sea this week. Captain Balcom, who is to command the schooner, is at present indisposed.

The North Pacific waited for the Calhoun opera company on Saturday night, and did not get back here until 8 o'clock this morning. She is almost back to her regular schedule and an endeavor will be made to hold her on it.

The schooner Mischief, Captain McCoskrie, went to Otter Point yesterday, and the captain made an inspection of the American schooner Norway. The vessel is ashore six miles from Otter Point, and Captain McCoskrie in his report says the vessel is in rather bad condition. Her position is exposed and part of her lumber cargo is strewn along the beach for a mile.

The sealing schooner Volunteer, Capt. Wheeler, which sailed from here several weeks ago, put into Santa Barbara a few days ago for repairs, says Saturday's Seattle Telegraph. The sealer reported fair luck on the run down, having taken a number of skins. She had a good run down the coast. Capt. Wheeler will probably follow the seal herd northward along the Pacific coast to Sand Point, Alaska. The Volunteer is the sprite of the sealing fleet, and carries only half a dozen men.

What Are the Rates to Be?

The transportation companies, both steamship and railways, between British Columbia and San Francisco, are a little slow in announcing reduced fares to the Midwinter fair. It is not likely, with the example of the Chicago fair before them, that the railways will repeat the mistake of keeping up the tariff to regular every day prices until the last few weeks of the exhibition. Many people are inquiring about rates, the following letter being a sample of half a dozen of the same kind received by the Times during the last two weeks:

Agassiz, B.C., Jan. 27, 1894.

Publisher Times,—A number of our citizens contemplate attending the Midwinter fair, but we have not been able to find out what the steamship rate will be via Victoria for the round trip. Can you inform us through the advertising department of the Times or otherwise, and much oblige five would-be visitors to the fair if the rates are reasonable?

Yours most respectfully,
GEO. W. BEEBE.

PERSONAL.

D. Oppenheimer, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

G. Leiser and wife left for California yesterday.

W. Ditcham returned on Saturday from California.

H. V. Burner returned from Vancouver last evening.

Miss Horton returned from California on the Umatilla.

W. G. Mackenzie left yesterday morning for Kootenay.

J. H. Causten, of Port Townsend, spent Sunday in the city.

Jas. Mitchell was a passenger last evening from Vancouver.

J. Colgdarripe and wife have returned from San Francisco.

Mrs. O. Hastings, of Port Townsend, is visiting relatives in the city.

Capt. F. W. Gatter, the pilot, is in the city to meet the steamship Mogul.

Mrs. Harlock and daughter and W. Harlock returned from California on the Umatilla.

L. G. McPhillips and J. A. Russell were among the passengers from Vancouver last evening.

C. B. Sword, T. E. Kitchen, and James Punch, the members for New Westminster district, came over last evening.

London Hospital Cough Cure

MAINTAINS ITS REPUTATION

SOLD BY

Cochrane & Munn,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Suits to order, $16; pants, $4. R. J. Matthews, 101 Douglas St. *

—Crossed wires caused a false alarm of fire to be turned in at 10 last night.

—The street car company has issued an order that no person shall be allowed to stand on the rear platform.

Ald. Keith Wilson will introduce a by-law at the council meeting to-night to raise $100,000 for sewerage purposes.

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—A meeting of the board of school trustees will be held in the police chambers, city hall, on Wednesday next, the 31st inst., at 8 p. m.

—Father Van Nevel, vice-president of the Young Men's Institute, paid an official visit to Nanaimo and Wellington councils of the order on Sunday. To-night he will officially visit Seghers council of Victoria.

—"We never sleep," but are wide awake at all hours—day or night—to attend to your wants in the drug line. Physicians' prescriptions a specialty. The Central Drug Store, Clarence block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets. *

—Seghers Council, No. 85, Y. M. I., will hold its regular meeting this evening. Rev. Father Van Nevel, grand first vice-president, will address the meeting. The council has issued invitations for a social to be given at Harmony hall next Monday evening.

—The British Columbia Benevolent Society has a quantity of clothing, boots and shoes and food contributed by charitable people, and it will be distributed to the poor to-morrow between ten and twelve at the American hotel. The officers of the society will be present to receive the applicants.

—The Paragon Oil took the highest award at the Chicago World's Fair. It equals the electric light in brilliancy; neither smoke nor smell. Read the label and see what you are using. We warrant the Paragon Oil not to smoke. Try it. $1.65 per can. The Paragon Oil Co., 51 Yates street. *

—The Theatre Royal closed its doors on Saturday night after a fairly successful run of four weeks. It may possibly be reopened again a fortnight hence. Mr. Chapman and his wife will remain in the city, while Miss Marshall, John Dunsdale and Mr. McAllister will most likely go to Cordray's stock theatre at Seattle.

—The executive of the Poultry Association will hold a special meeting to-night to consider matters in connection with the show next week. The latest addition to the list of specials are from Chas. St. Morris and H. Hodgson, consisting of one for dogs and one for poultry. S. W. Lobb, of Nanaimo, vice-president of the society, and J. E. R. Tagart, secretary of the Nanaimo Poultry Society, intend to be present during the show.

—In the police court Louise and Sarah, Cape Mudge Indians, were each fined $5 and costs for being drunk. Joseph Lippett, charged with assaulting Susan Scott, did not appear. A warrant was ordered to issue. Robert Gray, charged with the theft of $144 from a friend named Steverson. Gray pleaded that he had taken his friend's coat by mistake, in which was the money. He contradicted himself in his statement. Gray is a temperance man and has conducted several evangelistic meetings.

—On Friday night a number of fire chiefs of British Columbia and the Sound will leave for San Francisco on the steamer Umatilla to attend the convention of Pacific coast fire chiefs. The names of those who will form the party leaving here are Chief Deasy, Victoria; Chief Scales, Nanaimo; Chief Ackerman, New Westminster; Chief McLellan, Olympia; Chief Hunt, Seattle; and Chief McDonald, Anacortes. They will be absent about a month. A day has been set apart by the midwinter fair authorities for the Pacific coast fire chiefs. The number of delegates attending the convention is expected to be large.

—A reduction in the passenger rates for east-bound continuous passage will be made by the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Union Pacific roads on February 1st, says the Post-Intelligencer. The rates to St. Paul and common points will be: From Puget Sound points and Portland—First class, $50, now $60; second class $40, unchanged. From Ellensburg, Yakima, and Coulee City—First class, $47.50; second class, $37.50. From Wallula junction and Spokane—First class, $45; second class, $35. It is probable that the Canadian Pacific will make the same rate, though no notice to that effect has been received by E. W. McGinnis, the agent here.

—Shaving 10 cents. 101 Douglas st. *

—Entertainment at Emmanuel Baptist church this evening.

—The Manson case comes on in the police court to-morrow morning.

—An entertainment will be given by children in St. James's Hall Saturday night.

—Regular meeting of the city council to-night. A number of resolutions will be introduced.

—The phrenologist's subject for to-night at Institute Hall will be "Idiocy and Insanity." Everybody welcome; seats free; a collection. *

—Rev. D. W. Barber will lecture on "Village Life in England" in St. John's school room Wednesday evening. Tickets are being sold rapidly.

—A meeting of the Wanderers 'Cycling club will be held in the committee room of the city hall to-night. The new track will be the subject of discussion.

—A ten-minute car service on the Douglas street and outer wharf line will come into effect on Feb. 1st. Two additional cars will be placed on the route.

—To-morrow evening, beginning at 8, an interesting concert will take place in Central Presbyterian church hall. The ladies have made great preparations for the event.

—John M. Malcolm and Miss Emma Simpson were married by the Rev. Dr. Campbell on Saturday night. S. Malcolm was groomsman and Miss A. Simpson bridesmaid.

—Prof. Spaight, F. R. G. S., will lecture in Temperance Hall to-night. The subject will be his journey from Calcutta to the Himalayas. Admission 25 cents, receipts to go to the poor.

—To-night in St. George's hall an important meeting will be held for the Sons of St. George of this city, together with sojourning brethren, to which they have been specially summoned.

—A meeting of the British Columbia Agricultural Association will be held in Morrow, Holland & Co.'s office this evening at 8. A full attendance of members is required, as business of importance will be considered.

—A. C. Flumerfelt, president of the Board of Trade, has issued invitations to leading citizens to attend a meeting in the Board of Trade rooms at 4:30 p. m. to-day, "to discuss and if possible arrange a scheme whereby work may be found for the unemployed in this city." The meeting is being convened as the Times goes to press.

—Joshua Davies will sell by auction, in pursuance of instructions from A. R. Milne, receiver of wrecks, on Wednesday, Jan. 31st, the American schooner Norway, as she now lies wrecked near Jordan river, together with her fittings and appliances. The date of the customs sale of abandoned goods at Custom house wharf has been changed to Wednesday, Feb. 7th. For particulars of both sales see advertisements in to-day's issue of the Times.

—St. Barnabas church institute will give a musical and dramatic entertainment at Temperance hall on Wednesday night. The programme is as follows: Song, Mrs. Janion; piano duet, the Misses Christie; recitation, Messrs. Allan and Boyd; song, Miss Heathfield; recitation, Mr. Semple; song, Mr. Keith; comic duet, the Misses Cave; violin solo, Prof. Wickins. Miss Sharpe will act as accompanist, and the Victoria West amateurs will close the entertainment with a farce.

Walla Walla's Passengers.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's new schedule went into force yesterday, the Walla Walla sailing from the outer wharf at 5 o'clock last evening. The cabin passengers from Victoria were:

G. Leiser and wife, R. J. Bentley and wife, J. M. McDonald, D. McWilliam, L. G. Munn, Miss A. Carr, Miss A. Williams, Miss C. Drake, Thos. Kidd, wife and family, Mrs. T. G. Duncan and children, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Cook, F. G. Paget, D. Alton, D. R. McCrimmon, J. M. Malcom and wife, M. Begg, C. Pearse, F. Worthington, E. J. Hough, J. McConnell and wife, Mrs. J. Putz, J. A. McNeill, P. H. Smith, W. M. McGregor, Mrs. S. Hardie and children, G. Hayes and wife, A. R. McCrimmon.

Aid to Exhibitions.

The Winnipeg exhibition board of directors has appointed a sub-committee to wait on the Manitoba government to secure, if possible, a grant of $5,000 for this year's exhibition, and another committee was appointed to memorialize the Dominion government in regard to securing a grant of $10,000 to give this year's fair the character of a Dominion exhibition. The directors are hopeful that both requests will be granted. The Victoria exhibition directors are also at the present time considering important financial questions in connection with next season's show and will hold a meeting this evening to discuss ways and means. Their requirements are much more modest than those of the Winnipeg association, and it is to be hoped that the directors will be successful, as the annual exhibition is a public educator, and, viewing it in a mercenary sense, a help to business of every kind.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The [illegible] Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—[illegible]monia; No Alum
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

FAREWELL SERMON.

Rev. J. E. Coombes Takes Leave of His Congregation—Address Presented.

—Last evening at the Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. E. Coombes, the popular pastor, took leave of the church and congregation. Notwithstanding the inclement weather a large audience assembled to say good-by to the minister who for 15 months had presided over the affairs of the church. Before commencing his discourse, which was based upon I Corinthians, 1-23, "We Preach Christ Crucified," he said that in taking farewell of the church and congregation with which he had been intimately connected for the past fifteen months, he wished to say that the relations between himself and people had been most harmonious. He had not been driven out through any trouble or dissensions within the church. There had been none since he had accepted the pastorate. Nor was it through lack of financial support. The people had been most kind. He had enjoyed more ease and comfort in this regard than in any previous pastorate. Nor was it through lack of sympathy or want of success. He was leaving because he believed that God had called him and given him peculiar fitness for the evangelistic field. He asked the prayers and sympathy of his people in his future work.

After the sermon, Mr. A. B. McNeil moved and Mr. D. W. Walker seconded, that the following address be presented to the pastor, which was unanimously carried:

Calvary, Victoria, B. C.

To the Rev. J. E. Coombes, Pastor, Calvary Baptist Church, Victoria:

Dear Pastor and Bro.:—It was with unfeigned regret, that we received some weeks ago your decision to sever the pastoral tie that had existed for fifteen months between us. When you came amongst us, it was with large expectations and earnest hope for a rich outpouring of the Divine Blessing. Nor in this have we been disappointed. Very marked on two special occasions has been the Holy Spirit's seal upon your ministry in the conversion of sinners, whilst the regular ministry of the Word has been neither barren nor unfruitful. Now as you go forth into fresh fields of labor, either ploughing up virgin soil, scattering the seed of the kingdom far and wide, or reaping where others have patiently sown, we pray for you that the "Lord of the Harvest," may richly and abundantly bless you. We bespeak for you the hearty co-operation of all ministers of the Word, the loving hospitality and greeting of all brethren in the faith, and the hearty sympathy of the churches of Jesus Christ everywhere.

We desire to record that our relationship as pastor and people has been most harmonious, and that a spirit of holy concord and fellowship has sweetened the past oral bond. "The Lord bless thee, and keep thee; the Lord make his face to shine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee; the Lord lift up His countenance upon thee, and give thee peace."

On behalf of the church.

M. E. CLEVELAND.
L. G. HILL.
A. B McNEILL.
D. G. WALKER.
D. McMILLAN.
J. CLARKE.
J. L. BECKWETH,
Deacons.

The reverend gentleman is about to undertake an evangelistic tour in Ontario in company with Rev. O. B. Read. They will commence their work with the Baptist church at Waterford, Ont.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The divisional court, consisting of Begbie, C. J., and Walkem, J., on Saturday afternoon heard the appeal in Ward vs. Vancouver Waterworks Co. It appears that several years ago John F. Ward contracted to furnish and lay a water pipe across the narrows at Vancouver and connect it with the defendant's pipes. He was to receive one-half the price when the pipes reached Vancouver and the other half when the work was completed. Before the completion Ward abandoned the contract, having been sued and had execution issued against him by Dunn & Co., under which the pipe was seized.

The point to be decided is whether the property in the pipe remained in Ward until the completion of the contract or whether it passed to the company on its delivery in Vancouver. The appeal is from the judgment of Judge Spinks, who decided that the property remained in Ward and that the sheriff had a right to seize and sell it under a writ of execution. Judgment was reserved. Hon. Theodore Davie, Q. C., for the appellant and E. V. Bodwell for the execution creditors.

Mr. Justice Drake presided at the speedy trials court this morning. The first case called was that against George L. Brown, charged with sending threatening letters to Dr. Hanington of this city. A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general, appeared for the crown. The prisoner, who was not represented by counsel, pleaded guilty, and in reply to the judge's question if he had anything to say stated that what he had written was the result of a fit of despondency and that he had meant Dr. Hanington no harm. The judge told him that from the letters it was plain that either he meant to do physical injury or else it was a deliberate case of blackmail, both very serious offenses, and he sentenced him to two years in the penitentiary.

Miller and Freitz, charged with breaking into Mr. Heauski's house at 234 Cook street and stealing several articles therefrom, both pleaded guilty. Neither one of them had anything to say. The judge told them of the seriousness of the offence, for which they might be imprisoned for fourteen years, and then sentenced each of them to four years in the penitentiary.

In the supreme court chambers this morning before Mr. Justice Drake, in the action of Gay vs. Collister, Cassidy for the defendant applied for leave to amend the statement of defence by adding to it a counter claim. Fell, for the plaintiff, relied on Ware vs. vs. Gwynne, W. N. 1875-7, page 240, the action being set down for trial. Application granted, costs to the plaintiff in any event.

Varrelman vs. Phoenix is being argued this afternoon in the divisional court, consisting of Begbie, C. J., and McCreight and Drake, J. J. This is an appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice Walkem, who at the trial of this action last spring granted a non-suit. The plaintiff on the 1st of March, 1892, entered into a contract with the Phoenix Brewing Company to act as their brew master for three years at a salary of $250 a month. When the company amalgamated with the Victoria Brewing company the old company had no further use for the plaintiff, and he claims that he was discharged, and consequently sued for damages for breach of contract. The learned judge at the trial granted a non-suit on the ground that a dismissal had not been proved. The plaintiff now appeals and asks for a new trial, claiming there was a dismissal by reason of the defendants dismantling their brewery and thereby rendering themselves incapable of furnishing employment. Cassidy for the appellant and Bodwell for the respondents.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic. These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

Night and Day Work.

The internal appearance of the Victoria branch of the Bank of British Columbia has undergone within the past few days a remarkable transformation. Nobody can enter the bank now without noticing the great increase in the size of the space devoted to carrying on the business of the institution, also the very great improvement in the appearance of the room. A force of forty workmen, working day and night, has brought about this result, and in a very short time the bank officials have found themselves able to do business in their new rooms. All the old partitions have been torn down and replaced by the new, which are much more handsome in design and workmanship than the old. During the last week all the necessary work upon the manager's room and quarters of the staff was done, and the official portion of the bank is now in use. Next Saturday the workmen will tear out the whole of the interior framing except the counters; entirely new framing will be put in and space made for an extra teller and several extra clerks. When finished the bank will have one of the handsomest and most convenient banking rooms on the coast north of San Francisco. The lighting has been thoroughly overhauled and remodelled. There will be both electric and gas light in abundance, and the fittings for the same are of elegant design. The locks and hardware were specially designed by the architect in charge of the work, T. C. Sorby, and were made by the celebrated Yale Lock Manufacturing company. The bronze grill panelling for the internal framing was also designed by Mr. Sorby and made by Cuerrier, of Walkerville, Ont. The cost of the alterations in the bank will be in the neighborhood of $6,000. The manner in which the work has been pushed forward reflects very favorably upon Mr. Sehl and his subordinates, especially General Foreman Hansen. The plasterers, under Foreman Drake, have also done some very speedy work. Mr. Sorby, architect, exercises general supervision over the entire work.

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These goods will be Sold at the following prices **DURING THE SALE ONLY**: 35c, 40c, 45c, and 50c per yard.

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The sale closes on Wednesday Night.

D. SPENCER, Proprietor.

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Because it pays me to.

Because their prices are right.

Because the sales people treat me right.

Because the management is liberal.

Because I can return what I buy if I'd rather have my money

And because they are the Original One Price Cash Clothing Dealers.

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Everyone who can afford it should have a Melissa Rainproof Wrap. The most fashionable, comfortable and economical garment of the day.

AMERICANS

While in Victoria will save from 40 to 50 per cent. in buying their Clothing from

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 Government Street

Three doors from the Post Office.
Only FINEST IMPORTATIONS kept in Stock.

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COCOA MATS—All Sizes.
KHYBER RUGS—All Sizes.
AXMINSTER RUGS—Very Cheap.
ORIENT RUGS—Subdued Colorings.
JAPANESE CRAPES—Just Arrived.
Embroidered Felt Table Covers and Mantel Borderings.
Also Second Consignment of Wall Papers.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufacturers

ELSIE,

A Tale of the Northwest.

BY ALICK BEGG.

Colonel Wolseley, with the 60th Rifles, had entered and taken possession of Fort Garry and Ontario and Quebec volunteers were arriving in detachments. The dread of an outbreak on the part of the troops against the French half-breeds and their sympathizers was subsiding and affairs in the Red River settlement gave signs of permanently quieting down.

About this time I was preparing to make my regular semi-annual trip to St. Paul when a gentleman called upon me and asked leave to accompany me. He introduced himself as Lieutenant L. of the Hussars, attached temporarily to Col. Wolseley's staff and stated that he was particularly desirous of leaving the settlement at an early date. As I was about to make the trip without any companion except my servant I was glad to accommodate Lieutenant L. and so a bargain was struck between us. I then told him that I expected to leave in a few days and would call for him at Fort Garry where he was staying.

The next morning I received a message from my good friend Andrew McDermott, saying that he would like to see me before my departure and I accordingly went immediately and called upon him.

I hear, said Mr. McDermott, that you are about leaving for St. Paul and that a stranger accompanies you.

Yes, I replied, I am off the day after to-morrow. There is no necessity for putting off my trip any longer.

Do you know anything about the man who is going back with you? asked the old man.

Yes, I said, he is Lieut. L. an officer in the Hussars who came here with Col. Wolseley.

And his business?

I did not ask him, I answered. It is nothing to me. He pays me for taking him down. What matters it who he is or his errand?

It may matter a good deal, said Mr. McDermott. During these times one cannot be too careful.

Quite right, I said, but I don't see exactly what there is to fear in the present case.

Only this, said my old friend. One of my men brought me word last evening that Goulet and a lot of his friends are camped at Scratching River and intend to stop all parties coming from Fort Garry.

They must be crazy, I replied. But any way they won't stop me.

Not if you go alone, was the answer, but with this Lieut. L. it may be different. I would advise you to be careful.

It can't be helped now, I said. I am going, as I told you, and I have promised to take the lieutenant with me. I am not going to break my word.

Well! forewarned is to be forearmed, said Mr. McDermott, so be careful. I thought it best to caution you.

For which I thanked him and then bade him good-by.

But on thinking the matter over I became a little anxious, not on my own account so much as for the safety of my prospective companion. Should anything happen to him or if he was captured and held a prisoner it might seem as if I was a party to it, which would not be a very pleasant position for me to occupy. So I concluded to acquaint Lieut. L. with the whole circumstances of the case and leave him to decide whether to accompany me or remain behind.

I therefore repaired to the fort and laid the matter before him.

It is very good of you, he said, to take the trouble to warn me, but danger or no danger, I must go with you. It is of the utmost importance that I should reach St. Paul as soon as possible.

There may be nothing in what Mr. McDermott has heard, I remarked, but I did not like taking the responsibility without letting you know. I will get you through if it can be done.

I am quite sure of it, he said. We will go prepared, anyway, he added, with a smile.

So the next day I called at Fort Garry for him and we commenced our journey to Pembina. I observed that he was well armed and when we were comfortably seated in the waggon I suggested that he had better keep his pistols concealed though within reach. This he agreed to; and when we had gone some distance he remarked—I think, as I have every confidence in you that I should let you know something of my mission to St. Paul.

As you please, I said.

In the first place, he continued, I am on my way to England to rejoin my regiment, my leave of absence having nearly expired, and in the second, I am the bearer of dispatches from Col. Wolseley. So you see I must get through to St. Paul at any cost.

Oh! we will get through all right, I said, cheerfully. The more I think of the story about the Scratching River camp the less I am inclined to believe it. It is a time for all sorts of false rumors and this is probably one of them.

So we travelled on without anything unusual happening until we came within a few miles of Scratching River when there appeared ahead of us three horsemen riding toward us. As they approached nearer I observed that each carried a Henry repeating rifle across his saddle and at the same moment I recognized in the riders "O'Donohue"—Riel's lieutenant, a half-breed named Goulet, and the little wild Irishman "Jimmy-from-Cork."

It looks bad, I whispered to my companion and naming the men to him. I fear there is some truth in what Mr. McDermott heard after all. Perhaps, I suggested, you had better confide the dispatches to me. They will not be likely to search my person, they may yours.

No, said Lieutenant L. firmly, I will keep the dispatches. If they take them it will be from my dead body.

Then, I said, leave everything to me. We have no chance with them in a fight. They know me, and if you keep quiet I may be able to pass them. Lieut. L. agreed to this and then I shouted:

Hello! boys, where bound?

Fort Garry, said O'Donohue, looking suspiciously at my companion.

I guess you're crazy, I said. Don't you know the risk you run. There's a whole band out looking for you.

Oh! we can take care of ourselves replied O'Donohue, and then he questioned me minutely about the condition of affairs at the fort and concluded by asking me with a smile whether they had driven me out with the rest.

Not exactly, I said, although some of them consider me as big a rebel as any of you.

All this time I was in dread lest Lieut. L. would resent some of the remarks made by O'Donohue which were not at all complimentary to Col. Wolseley and the men under him, but my companion, to my intense relief, took no apparent notice of what was said, although I felt sure he would have liked to fire a bullet into O'Donohue.

I now hastened to give some friendly words of warning to them about approaching too near to Fort Garry, and then whipping up my horses, said I must hurry on to reach our camp before night.

During the whole meeting my tongue rattled on at a great pace so as to prevent any questions being asked about my companion. In this I succeeded, but as I wished them "bon voyage," and drove on I perceived that they were perplexed over the presence of Lieut. L. with me.

I therefore urged on my horses as quickly as possible as I noticed that O'Donohue and his two companions stood for a few moments irresolute. Finally they rode on, but as I glanced over my shoulder, I observed that they halted once or twice as if deliberating whether to turn and follow us. I expected every moment to see them galloping back in pursuit and when at last they disappeared in the distance I felt decidedly relieved.

Goulet, one of these three horsemen whom I warned about approaching too near Fort Garry, met his death a few days afterwards by being chased by a crowd into the Red River and stoned while he was struggling in the water. O'Donohue was found dead in St. Paul—murdered, it is supposed—and Jimmy-from-Cork was some years afterwards shot in a drunken row.

You managed that very well, said Lieut. L. They didn't seem to be sure about me. But I was prepared for them, he grimly added, pointing to his pistols.

So far so good, I replied, but we have yet to pass Scratching River and perhaps we are not out of the bush yet.

At Scratching River, however, no one appeared and we proceeded on our way without further interruption.

At Pembina we found several refugees from Fort Garry but we were not molested by any of them, and after reporting at the United States customs house on the frontier, we pushed on across the plains to St. Paul.

A few miles beyond Pembina we overtook Captain H. and a friend who were also on their way south and it was agreed that we should join camps. This, I soon found out, was an unfortunate arrangement and the cause of a great deal of unpleasantness.

Captain H.'s companion was a most eccentric individual with a whole mouthful of false teeth, which had an uncomfortable way of falling out on the least provocation. This happened especially when he indulged in a fit of laughter, and as he was subject to laughing spells, his teeth were about as often in his lap as in his mouth. I fully expected each morning to hear that he had swallowed them during the night. At meal times he had a most unpleasant habit of taking his teeth out and cleaning them in his hand with a brush which he kept in his vest pocket for the purpose.

I was not over fastidious myself, but Lieut. L. could not tolerate the spectacle, and so one day he in the strongest possible terms protested against it and recommended Capt. H.'s friend to keep his teeth in his mouth during the dinner or else go outside the tent and clean them.

Then there was a row and the worst of it was that Capt. H. and myself were drawn into it. The result was that we split camp and Lieut. L. and I went on our way together leaving Captain H. and his friend behind.

The disgusting brute, muttered Lieut. L. as we parted company.

When we arrived at Georgetown, an old Hudson Bay Company post, we were invited by a friend of mine to take dinner with him, which I gladly accepted, and when we had dined I was sitting outside the front door enjoying a smoke when one of the women of the house came to me and said that somebody inside wanted to see me.

I at once arose and followed the woman who conducted me to an upper room and ushered me in. As I entered I saw lying on the bed a pale and emaciated woman, whom I quickly recognized as a young girl I had once known in the settlement. By her side lay an infant which she fondly caressed as raising her eyes sadly to me she faintly said:

I knew your voice at once and I wanted so much to speak to you. I have been very ill

You look as if you had, Elsie, I answered. Where is Jim?

Jim has left me, she replied. He went all wrong. Lost his place and went away. He is somewhere on the road, but I never hear from him, and if it had not been for the kind people here I would have perished.

They are good folk here, I said, and I'll see them that you will be all right till I return. You must get strong Elsie and go back with me to your friends in the settlement.

Oh! you are very kind, she said, but it is not about myself I care. I won't last long. It is this poor little babe I'm thinking about. Who will care for it when I am gone?

My poor girl, I said, don't talk about dying. You must live, Elsie, if only for the sake of your little one.

Would to God that I could, just for my baby's sake. But it is not to be. I would not die if I could help it, but I am dying and I feel that I have not long to live. When you come back it will be too late. Promise me now that you will look after my baby. Oh! promise me.

I tried to cheer her and to urge her to keep a good heart until I returned, but without avail until I gave the promise she desired. Then her face brightened, and as I left her I felt some hope of her recovery. I knew the people of the house would look well after her and I told them that I intended to take her back with me to the settlement if she was strong enough to travel.

Then Lieut. L. and I started once more upon our journey and soon reached Fort Abercrombie where we took the stage to St. Cloud, a town about 80 miles by railway from St. Paul.

At one of the stations on the road where we changed horses I saw "Jim," Elsie's husband, and a more wretched specimen of humanity than he presented, I never witnessed. Drink had wrought a fearful change in him and when I spoke to him he hardly recognized me.

Jim, I said, I've seen Elsie. Why did you leave her?

Elsie, he muttered, what could I do. She's better without me. Only a curse to her and everybody else.

Rot! I exclaimed, taking him by the arm. Jim, you must go back to your wife, she is ill and wants you. Don't be a brute.

What's the use, he said, doggedly. I can't help her. I am a brute. She's better without me.

Don't you know, Jim, she has a baby.

Got a baby, eh! he muttered. So much the worse, so much the worse.

Look here, Jim, I said, if you'll go back I'll help you.

Will you? he said, half doubtingly. How? I'm doing odd jobs here to keep me alive. I ain't any good now. How can you help a man like me?

Never you mind, Jim, but I'm going to do it. Just you go back to Elsie, try to keep sober, and you will see how I can help you. I'll get you work.

Will you? he said, and for a moment his eyes brightened, but, No! he muttered, looking down, you can't do it. It's no use. I'm no good now.

Then I spoke sharply to him and tried to shake him as it were out of his lethargy but he was obdurate and I nearly despaired of prevailing upon him. At last I threatened that if he did not return to his wife I would expose him along the road so that he would be kicked out of every house he came to. Jim believed I was in earnest and he had sense enough to know what it meant to him if I kept my word, so at last he agreed to go back to Georgetown. I then spoke to the proprietor of the station with whom I left some money for Jim, who promised to see that he went back as he agreed to.

Then I went on my way and Lieutenant L. and I duly reached St. Paul, from which place he forwarded certain important telegrams from Col. Wolseley and then he and I enjoyed a parting dinner at the Park Hotel, since which time I have neither seen nor heard from him.

My business detained me in St. Paul longer than I expected but on my return I found that Jim had kept his word and returned to Georgetown.

There I found him as I drove up sitting in front of my friend's house with the baby in his arms and I was pleased to see that a change for the better had taken place in him.

Coming forward to meet me, he said: I am glad to see you, sir.

Well, Jim, I answered, I am very glad to see you here. I have been detained longer than I expected. How is Elsie?

Ah! sir, he said, as the tears welled in his eyes, Elsie is dead. But thank God and you sir, I was with her at the last.

I am sorry, Jim. I really thought when I saw her last that she would rally, but the baby, how is the little one?

Oh! sir, said Jim, I was a brute. I'm not much of a man yet, but for the little one's sake, my little Elsie, and for the promise I gave to her mother, I will try to be a better man. When you come into the house I have something to show you.

When I had stabled my horses and partaken of my supper Jim took me aside, and placing a letter in my hand, said: Read that.

It was a letter from his uncle in St. Paul who had years before discarded him, saying that if he would come back and behave himself he would do something for him.

I am very glad, Jim, I said. Of course you'll go.

Yes, sir, he replied. I was only waiting for you.

Jim took me and showed me Elsie's grave and the next morning I parted from him.

I never met him afterwards but I heard that he remained steady and was left a comfortable legacy by his uncle. The child grew to be a handsome girl, and only the other day I received a letter from her, the concluding words of which were as follows:

"In a fortnight from to-day I am to be married. I wish so much you could come to my wedding. Father's heart is set upon it and so is mine. Won't you come? ELSIE."

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CELEBRATED
CUTLERY
TRADE MARK
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The Weekly

Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

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Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND (Read up) No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays	NORTH BOUND (Read down) No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays	Miles from Victoria
Victoria	[illegible]	5:30 P M	8:00 A M	[illegible]	[illegible]
Russell's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Esquimalt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldstream	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Summit Siding	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shawnigan Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cobble Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McPherson's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Koksilah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Duncan's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Somenos	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chemainus	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oysterbay Sid'g	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nanaimo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	78

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

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ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R. M. S. Empress of Japan sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama Feb. 5th.

R. M. S. Arawa for Australian ports via Honolulu Feb. 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented. For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Steamship Co'y.

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Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria
Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

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—AND—

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Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

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Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

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JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

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Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Monowai ....Thursday, Feb. 8th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, February 17th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.

For freight apply to 327 Market street.

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Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

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(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fimmerfelt, Gorge Road.

5 Cases New Spring Goods just to hand.

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See our All Wool TWEED SUITS. Best value ever shown in Victoria.

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

RESOURCES OF KOOTENAY.

Lecture by A. D. Wilson of Three Forks on Saturday Evening.

DEVELOPMENT WORK IN KOOTENAY

What Has Been Done for it and What is Still Needed—It is Essentially a Mining District With no Farming Land—Interesting Facts.

A fair-sized audience gathered at the city hall on Saturday evening to listen to a lecture on the resources of the Kootenay country. The lecturer was A. D. Wilson, of Three Forks, Slocan, who with J. D. McDermid, conceived the idea of visiting the principal cities of Canada to inform the public concerning the advantages of British Columbia's silver district. The lecturer prefaced his address by saying he was not there for any selfish interests; not as an expert in mineralogy, but simply to describe the district in question for the public good. While a general idea has prevailed for some years that precious metals existed in the Kootenay country, it was only within the last two or three years that proof was obtained of the immense deposits of silver ore, sufficient in extent to make it the richest argentiferous district in North America. The discovery of the Hall mines first attracted general attention to the district. The substantial development and exploration of the district had been much retarded by the absence of transportation facilities. This misfortune would not prevail after next summer, as by that time railways would be built into the heart of the mining country, one from the north, the Nakusp & Slocan railway, connecting with the Canadian Pacific road, and one from the south, the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, an extension of the Spokane & Northern route. The district is well supplied with telegraph lines.

The Kootenay district is essentially a mining district. It is mountainous, and offers little inducement to the farmer or stock raiser. With the exception of bench lands along Kootenay lake and its tributaries, Duncan and Lardeau creeks, and scattered localities along the Columbia river, there is no land fit for agriculture. Nelson, the chief town of the district, is beautifully situated on a sloping bench on Salmon Arm of Kootenay lake. The town has a population of 1,500. Behind Nelson lies the famous Silver King mine and Toad Mountain. The Silver King is now said to be owned by an English-Scotch syndicate, which purchased it for $1,500,000. An average assay of the ore is 500 oz. of silver and 38 per cent. of copper a ton. The lecturer considered that this mine alone would in development support a town of considerable size. The next town up Salmon Arm is Balfour, a promising settlement opposite Pilot Bay, where the Hendrycks Smelting company has in course of erection a valuable plant, which can be in full operation in a month. Further up the lake is Ainsworth, and above that the Hot Springs mines, which until the discovery of the rich ores of the Kaslo-Slocan district were considered the most valuable propects in West Kootenay. At the mouth of Kaslo river is the town of Kaslo, an incorporated town, which had its main start a year ago. The completion of the Kaslo-Slocan railway is only needed to soon make the town become a place of importance. The Kaslo-Slocan district may be said to be comprised of two mineral belts—one of dry ore and the other of lead ore. In the lead ore belt are such noted prospects as the Noble Five group, the Freddie Lee, Washington, Surprise, Northern Belle, Rico, Slocan Star and Chambers. On the Slocan Star alone there is ore in sight valued at one million dollars. The amount of ore shipped from this belt in three weeks, commencing December 21st last, amounted to 755 tons, valued at $113,336. These mines are all being worked on a small scale by comparatively poor men, and much of the ore taken out of the leads is being stored until better transportation can be obtained for its shipment for reduction. Most of these locations will pay from the commencement of the first development work.

While the ore is generally richer in the "dry" belt, the work of development has not advanced so much in the last-named properties, but, like the other mines, will ship ore as soon as the railways now being built in the district are completed. The lecturer declared that nine out of every ten of the locations in the Kaslo-Slocan district are owned by Americans, who showed more interest in the district than the people on this side of the line. Americans are also reaching out for the wholesale trade of the mines, their chief competitors being the wholesale houses of Toronto and Winnipeg. He failed to understand why the people of British Columbia generally do not embrace the business opportunities afforded by the district, and thus secure a share of its immense wealth.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Events of the Week in the Great Inland Country.

(Inland Sentinel.)

On Saturday night last a man named Carson came in from Louis creek and immediately was arrested at the instance of George P. Raven for threatening his life. Carson was admitted to bail on Monday, Mr. F. H. Nelson going on his bond. The trial is set for Saturday afternoon, before James McIntosh, P.M.

Captain Finch and Colonel Underwood, who are engaged in mining near Lytton, spent last Sunday in Kamloops. Captain Finch during the past few weeks has been engaged prospecting the bottom of the Fraser river in a diving suit for gold. The results have been encouraging, and his partners have ordered a dredge from the east, which will accomplish a great deal of work in a short time, and if the bed of the river is as rich as anticipated the profits are expected to be high. A diver works at the bottom to make sure that the dredge gathers the gravel required, which upon being raised is sluiced upon a dredge. The process is one which has not been tried in British Columbia or ywhere else. The company is not ask- r local assistance, but come prepared take all the risk themselves. They ll have from 15 to 20 men employed in summer.

ouis Zink, of Louis creek, who was taken in charge a week ago as a lunatic, has been adjudged insane by a medical commission and sent to the New Westminster asylum. Frank Townson, who has been working for him during the past summer, was in town a day or two since, and returned to have stock taken of all Zink's effects. The government will look after the disposal of Zink's property. When Zink came to town a few days before Christmas he brought down a number of gold nuggets, on which he raised $50, but it has been learned that he loaned most of it to a man named Myers. Myers represented himself as devoutly religious, but Chief Kelly, on investigation, concluded he was trying to make profit out of Zink's weakness, and advised him to leave the city with all convenient haste. Myers took the advice, and is said to be in Seattle.

The coast papers a few days ago had accounts of the probable capture of the Indians who murdered George Bull and family near Hope in June, 1892. A correspondent of the Inland Sentinel at Ashcroft says that nothing definite has been heard there and the rumor is believed to be a hoax. Nothing definite had been heard by telegraph or messenger on Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fortune will celebrate their silver wedding at Tranquille on Sunday, January 28. A public reception will be given. Mr. and Mrs. Fortune were the first white couple married from Lytton inland in British Columbia.

A. P. Morris has been appointed deputy sheriff for Kamloops division of Yale district.

Heavy snowfalls occurred west of North Bend on Wednesday, causing slides and washouts. Thursday morning's train was slightly delayed thereby. Tuesday and Wednesday's trains from the east were delayed by severe weather on the the prairie division.

A dispatch from Montreal dated Tuesday last says that in the near future the trolley system of locomotion will be in operation on two sections of the Rocky Mountain division of the C. P. R. Contracts have been let for the construction of the motors, the power to be developed from the waterfalls in the neighborhood, and the necessary machinery for this purpose is also contracted for. The trolley is especially adapted for steep grades such as characterize certain sections on the C. P. R. on which it will be adopted. Steam locomotives will be entirely abolished on these parts of the line.

(Kootenay Star.)

One prospector between Downie creek and Gold Stream found a boulder about the size of a man's head of a chalky free milling quartz. On grinding this up in a hand mortar little nuggets of gold about the size of peas were found embedded plentifully all through it. He searched hard to find where it came from, but without success. Other cases could be cited, but are unnecessary.

The Consolation mine, on French creek, was paying over $25 a day to the man when last heard from, and while only four men are employed, they will take out something like $20,000 this winter.

Contending against great difficulties, high freight rates and general hard luck, the Big Bend country is at last forging ahead, and promises in a short time to take its place among the great gold producing countries in the world.

John Stauber, the renowned bear hunter of the Lardeau, is in Nakusp with his first catch of furs this season. He has four bear, two marten, four beaver, one fisher, seven flying squirrels and ten bats, probably brick-bats. The fur-bearing animals are now about getting hungry, and John expects to have a great run for the next few weeks. He has baited his traps with some of the choicest bacon rind obtainable.

The outfits of Messrs. McLean and McMartin, sub-contractors on the Nakusp & Slocan railway, arrived here on Tuesday from Nakusp. The horses and mules were taken west, and will winter in the Thompson river country.

The Snoeshoe club tramped a tramp on Tuesday night, the miniature blizzard of Monday night being too much for them to face. The attendance was not particularly large, but quite large enough to fill up the fire hall, where they wound up the tramp with a "hop."

On the McCulloch creek summit the quartz discoveries this summer are attracting considerable attention. The find has been pronounced by experts to be "tellurium," a metal combined with gold and silver in the ore, which is very rich but refractory. It lies in pockets through the white quartz, the pockets varying in value, and with the small amount of development work done so far it is impossible to tell whether they are bonanzas or only a dream. Assays of this ore have gone thousands of dollars to the ton.

Along the Columbia river the benches are being worked in a primitive way and are paying good wages. Were they worked scientifically the returns would be surprising. To illustrate th edifference between crude and scientific mining we will take the case of the Sol Holden mine, near Smith creek. The bench here is about 20 feet deep, with bed rock to work on. They have over 2,000 miners' inches of water turned on the bench by means of a swinging flume, forcing the gravel ahead into a riffled flume which tails into the Columbia. They have moved about 13,000 yards of dirt in four seasons and cleaned up nearly $10,000. Had a good six-inch nozzle been working on the bench they could have mined in three weeks what it has taken the present owners four years to move.

On McCulloch creek the owners of the Selkirk mine, after years of hard work, have reached pay. The geographical conditions near this mine are peculiar. At the upper end of the claim there has apparently been a great waterfall. Above this waterfall the country rock is hard and in position. The formation below is shale, and has fallen from the mountains on both sides and covered up the old channel of the creek, to an immense depth. Above the fall the water is only two or three feet deep on the bed rock. The old timers of '65 and '66 worked this for about a mile, and it is estimated took out gold amounting to considerably over a million dollars. Old cabins, rusty tools, rotting sluice boxes, and such articles as are used in mining, are there to-day, silent emblems of one-time life and busy industry. To search bed rock below the falls the Selkirk people started down stream about half a mile, and drove a straight tunnel against the grade of the creek. When last heard from the tunnel was in 700 feet, and at a depth of over 100 feet they had gone through the shale and were in the top gravel on the old channel of the creek. Almost anything is possible when bed rock is reached, and it will create no surprise if they come upon the biggest pockets ever heard of in the history of gold mining.

Tom Downs, P. M. Walker, L. McDonald and Dave Ferguson have arrived up from the Narrows. They will leave on Monday for the Lardeau, the first three for the Silver Cup claim, near Trout lake, to do development work, and the last named for his ranch. If the proposed wagon road from Thompson's Landing to Trout lake is built this year the boys say they will ship a quantity of ore from the Silver Cup.

Nine men under the foremanship of Charles Holton have been employed for the past six weeks building a cribwork wing in the Narrows between the upper and lower Arrow lakes to aid navigation. The pier reaches out 200 feet from the western bank and is designed to divert the stream into what is now a shallow channel, so as to straighten the course of the river and also to obviate the swiftness of the current at the bend. A similar structure on a larger scale built just below the Revelstoke bridge would, in our opinion, turn the river into its old channel and save the bank above the smelter from further erosion.

The glorious weather last Saturday night brought out a large party to enjoy the healthy recreation of tobogganing. The scene was exhilarating in the extreme, even to those who did not venture on the slide. The full round moon sailing over the glittering peaks of the Selkirks made them resplendent in their mantles of snow and lit up the grand panorama visible from the stand erected at the head of the slide. It was almost like day, and no lights were needed.

Mrs. J. H. HORSNYDER, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1460 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I know it is the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Have You Tried

MILK GRANULES
WITH
CEREALS.

It is the Best Infant Food,

being a combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

NOTICE.

Having purchased the stock of S. L. Kelly & Co., we are prepared to sell at lowest prices a fine line of heating stoves and ranges. Also tinware, copperware, etc. Jobbing and repairing strictly attended to. Hoping for a continuance of favors given the old firm.

Yours etc.,
S. B. KELLY & Co.,
No. 24 Yates St.

j23-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

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SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

✠ Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

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S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap.

The Nicola Valley Railway Company

"NICOLA"

Preliminary Notice.

This company has secured a block of land near the junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers for the purpose of a townsite, and so soon as the contract for the work of construction of this railway is entered into it is proposed to lay out this land as a town and place a portion of the lots upon the market.

The ONLY station in the vicinity of the Junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers will be placed within the boundaries of this block and the town surrounding it will be called

"NICOLA"

J. W. McFARLAND,
Sec.-Treas.
Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 27th, 1893.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

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Carriage Maker

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Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTOIRA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

NOTICE

I have this day admitted Mr. E. Bloomingdale, of San Francisco, as a partner in my business at Victoria, B. C., which hereafter will be continued under the firm name of Simon Leiser & Co.

SIMON LEISER.
Victoria, B. C., January 1st, 1894. j3-1m

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WATER front and about 700 cords of wood cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid location for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. d21-2m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FATAL GUN ACCIDENT.

A Hunter Stumbles and His Shot Gun is Discharged.

Nanaimo, Jan. 29.—The Liberals of this city are determined to introduce methods to interest the working men. There is no reason why the club should not become a very large one. Nearly every person approached professes free trade principles. The cost of being a member is within the means of all. Lately several prominent speakers have promised to assist in making the club a success.

—The firm of E. Cook & Co., of Wellington, has dissolved partnership; the business has been taken over by Simon Leiser and M. Hamburger and will be conducted by them.

St. Philip's church, Cedar district, is to have a stained glass window in memory of the late C. York.

E. M. Yarwood has drawn up a bill which will shortly be laid before the provincial parliament for the adoption of the new survey, recently made, as the only official survey of Nanaimo city.

News was brought to the city yesterday that D. Morello had met with a fatal accident while hunting yesterday. He was walking in the bush when he stumbled, and in falling the gun went off, sending the charge through the body of Morello. It is further stated that he expired yesterday. Particulars have not been brought in.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

CHESS.

CONTINENTAL CONGRESS OFF.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 29.—This was the day set for the opening of the continental chess congress, in which 40 of the leading players of this country and Europe were to participate. The affair, however, has been cancelled owing to the antagonism of Herr Lasker, the noted chess player, and some of his New York associates, who recently came out strongly in opposition to the congress. All the entrance fees have been refunded by the promoters.

FOOTBALL.

AN EASY VICTORY.

In the association match on Saturday the Wanderers defeated the Victorias by nine goals to nil. The Wanderers have now to play one more match for the provincial challenge cup. Their opponents will be the Nanaimo men. A date will probably be arranged this week.

THE RUGBY GAME.

An enjoyable game of Rugby was played Saturday morning at Beacon Hill between the collegiate and choir teams. The juniors are progressive and bold, having reduced the number of their players (they played eight men a side) something which several unions have been contemplating for years but have never done. The game was exciting from start to finish and ended in a victory for the collegiate team by 27 to 16. For the winners, Karae, Capt. Worlock, Jack Rithet and R. Powell played well, the last three making tries. For the losers Marshall and Cecil Berkeley shone, the latter kicking a lovely goal from the field.

ENGLAND vs. COLONIES.

One of the best matches of the season, England vs. Colonies, was played at Beacon Hill on Saturady. The ground was in good condition, the weather favorable and the attendance fairly large. In the first half the old country had rather the best of it, seeming to be the stronger in the forward line, and in one of their rushes managed to score a try, Gibson doing the trick. The kick was a difficult one, but the mighty Warden drove the oval straight over the bar, for which he was loudly cheered. In the second half the Colonies, although failing to score, had the best of the game. Soon Haines scored a try, and then Anderson for England tried a drop from the field, something which is unfortunately too seldom seen; he missed by a foot. The colonies now braced up, and by good work by Langley, Sidey, Crease and Marshall carried the ball down the field, where Pettigrew got it and punted into touch. Ward and Byrn now made a bold attempt to score, but were stopped near the line. The game ended with the ball in England's territory.

The winners were stronger in the line and played a much steadier and better team game. For them Jones and Gibson of the forwards did good work, as also did Haines at three-quarters. White, late of the Clydesdale club, Glasgow, made his debut here, and played a good game at half. If there is one thing on which he may be criticized it is possibly that he expects too much for his side from the referee. Both sides did altogether too much talking, and they seemed to be under the impression that making a noise will win a favorable decision from the referee. The Colonies were stronger behind the scrimmage, Marshall, Crease and Byrn doing good work at three-quarters. Byrn especially made some fine runs, and proved himself easily the best ground-gainer on the field. Marshall runs well, but his passing is bad. Smith at quarter had plenty to do and did it well, while Ward, who played essentially a wing game, was always either on the ball, or else his opponent who had the ball. He gave evidence of the splendid work he would do were the wing game played here. Of the forwards Langley, Sidey and Stahlschmidt were the best.

SWIMMING.

MATCHES FOR BOYS.

Several swimming matches for boys will take place on Saturday evening at the Leander swimming baths. There will be three lengths, seven lengths and lighted candle races. There is now a very good gymnastic outfit at the baths. Two trapezes, a climbing rope, and the travelling rings, not to mention the football, which afford the patrons of the bath endless amusement. Mr. Mesher, the proprietor, says other attractions will be added from time to time. He reports the popularity of the bath increasing daily, as shown by the attendance.

CYCLING.

CRESCENT CYCLING CLUB.

Wellington, Jan. 27.—At a meeting held in Northfield on Friday evening a cycling club was formed to be known as the Crescent Cycling club of Mountain district. The club begins with a membership of nine, including cyclists from Northfield, Wellington and East Wellington. The following officers were elected: President, Alex. Clarkson, Northfield; captain, Jas. Deeming, Northfield; secretary-treasurer, T. Bryant, Wellington; board of management, L. A. Murphy, Wellington, Albert Deeming, Northfield, and T. Bryant, Wellington.

THE RING.

CORBETT CONVERSES.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 29.—James Corbett arrived this morning, accompanied by his wife, Brady, Ashe and others. Several hundred met the train when it arrived at the depot. Corbett and his party went to a hotel. Corbett said: "The next man I will fight will be Jackson."

"What do you intend to do regarding the challenges of 'Denver' Smith and 'Bob' Fitzsimmons?"

"I do not propose to take any notice of them," said Corbett. Let them take on the hard game I have fought, and then, if successful, I will be ready to talk business with them. I would not gain anything by defeating them, while they do not lose anything. I do not propose to lose my reputation by fighting men who are not of my calibre. I do not know when I will fight Jackson, but before I shall accept any offer I shall be satisfied that the club is a bona fide one. I have great respect for the law and do not propose to take any more chances. I expect a hard battle with Jackson, but am confident of winning."

"Did Mitchell talk as if he intended to do any more fighting?"

"No, he did not," replied Corbett. "He told me he had enough money to live on the rest of his life, but I guess he would like to chance a fight with Jackson."

WORSHIP OF CORBETT.

New York, Jan. 27.—Fully 8,000 people attended a benefit reception to James J. Corbett at Madison Square garden tonight. The audience was perhaps the most enthusiastic ever seated in a New York theatre. Corbett received a tremendous ovation when he appeared in response to demands for a speech. When quiet was restored he said: "I am very thankful for your kindness this evening. All I can say is that I am glad I have kept the championship of the world in America, and I will always be ready to defend that title." The speech was loudly applauded. Corbett and Creedon sparred three rounds. The people greeted Corbett on his arrival at the depot in Jersey City this afternoon and insisted on shaking hands. With great difficulty he finally broke away and crossed the river. He fell into a crowd of 5,000 people on the New York shore, who greeted him with rousing cheers. He was taken in charge by a committee of prominent sports and hurried away. Corbett says that he will retire from the ring after his fight with Jackson. He has been offered $10,000 to play the season with the Oriole baseball team of Baltimore.

SKATING.

MORE RECORDS BROKEN.

Cleveland, Jan. 27.—John S. Johnson, champion ice skater of America, broke the world's mile record of 1.22 by skating a mile here to-day in 1.16 3-5 with a flying start. Harry Hulse, of Toronto, with a set start, skated a quarter mile in 36 seconds, beating the previous record, 37 3-5.

Childs' Critical Condition.

Philadelphia, Jan. 29.—There is no change in the condition of Geo. W. Childs. He passed a fairly good night.

A Royal Begging Letter Writer.

One of the most remarkable finds made by the historical manuscripts commission among the family papers of the Duke of Portland at Welbeck abbey is a series of letters from King Charles II., mostly written from St. Germains in 1649, to various persons whose names are written in cipher, the key to which has not been discovered. They were found folded and packed together in a little leather box, and by their appearance it would seem that they had been sent over for delivery, but had never been used. As the commissioners observed, "they are mostly of a kind to which the adherents of the Stuarts must have been accustomed, and the promises contained in which were not always completely performed." In brief, they present the young prince in the character of a begging letter writer on a rather extensive scale. Some 30 correspondents seem to have been addressed by him in the month of August of that year alone. The following will serve as a sample: "1649, August 31, St. Germains.—I have had so good testimony of your affection to the King, my dear father of blessed memory, that I desire you on this occasion to lend me £500, whereof I promise you on my royal word very faithful repayment. I have troubled few of my friends in this kind." Of this missive five copies have been found, all bearing the royal signature and seal, and therefore presumptively intended for different persons.

When suffering from throat or lung troubles, take only such medicine as has been proved worthy of confidence. Such a remedy is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; a specific for sudden colds and invaluable in all forms of pulmonary complaints. Sold by druggists. Price $1.

HOW STROEBEL WILL DIE.

To Make a Statement and Receive Last Sacrament.

Prayers were offered up for the condemned man Stroebel in St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral Sunday morning and evening. Rev. Father Nicolaye at the nine o'clock mass preached a sermon on the murder of the soul, in which he made reference to the doomed man. Stroebel had been condemned by the law of the land to die on the gallows for the murder of a fellow-man. Stroebel had robbed another man of his life and was about to suffer the death penalty. How many murders were daily committed worse than that committed by Stroebel? There lived many men, considered of honorable position as the world knew it, who daily and even hourly were murdering the souls of men and women and dragging them down to the depths of moral degradation. They were not judged in this world, but in the life hereafter a punishment to which the death penalty of Stroebel would be as naught would be meted out to them by an almighty and just God. The congregation afterwards knelt in prayer while Rev. Father Nicolaye prayed that God might give the condemned man fortitude at the hour of death, and that the soul of the poor man, like that of the penitent thief, might after death be seated at the right hand of God the Father in paradise.

The sermon was a very eloquent one, and was couched in such touching language that many of the congregation wept.

Father Nicolaye, the spiritual adviser of Stroebel, visited him in his lonely cell [illegible] Stroebel was somewhat nervous, but regained his usual composure after the priest had spoken to him for a few minutes. Stroebel will again be visited by the priest to-night. Stroebel's brother and sister bade their brother a sad farewell, the last earthly leave with him, who, though a criminal, is still dear to them by the ties of blood and affection. They left on Sunday for their home in Washington. Both Stroebel and they thought it would be for the better. Their presence would unnerve him, and they had already given way to their feelings.

Sheriff McMillan was engaged all day making preparations for the execution, which takes place at 8 in the morning. The gallows has been erected and tested by the hangman. The hangman has been in the city for several days, but his arrival was kept a secret, and the authorities yet refuse to give his name, but he is well known, having officiated in a similar capacity before.

Stroebel will make a statement on the scaffold. He will say that he committed the murder, and may give at greater length more of the circumstances than have heretofore been printed. He will say that life is dear to him as it is to others, and admit that by a false story he endeavored to extricate himself. Now he has been condemned to suffer the extreme penalty of the law, he is willing to die. He will make this statement to ease the minds of any of the jury who sat upon his case.

Stroebel will be called in the morning at 6 and will be provided with a good breakfast, if he cares for one. Rev. Father Nicolaye will offer up mass in the convent at 5 o'clock for the peaceful and happy death of the condemned man, and immediately afterwards drive to the provincial jail and administer to him the last rites of the Roman Catholic church. The priest and the condemned man will be left together until within five minutes of the hour appointed for the execution, when Stroebel will be called out of his cell and his hands bound. The procession, headed by Sheriff McMillan, will walk to the scaffold. Ascending the scaffold, the limbs of the condemned man will be pinioned after he has been directed to stand over the trap. He will then make his dying statement, say some prayers that have been taught him by his spiritual adviser and kneel while the priest will recite the prayers for the dying.

At the words of final absolution by the priest, the hangman will pull the lever, the trap will fall and the body of Stroebel will disappear from sight, and all will be over.

Marine.

—Victoria Building Society's general meeting in Sir William Wallace Hall Wednesday evening.

The Peat Fields in England.

English men of science are turning their attention to peat, otherwise turf, the deposits of which fuel in Great Britain and Ireland are too numerous and too extensive to admit of their being disregarded as potential sources of wealth. The government has recently instituted an inquiry in various peat producing countries of Europe as to the utilization of peat and moss litter. Unfortunately, being a surface deposit, peat found no recognized place in the maps of "solid geology" of the country prepared by our Geological Survey, but the omission will, it is believed, be made good to some extent in the draft maps now in course of construction. That they are very extensive may be gathered from a partial account of the peat bogs which Dr. Fream has prepared and included in a paper on this subject published in the Royal Agricultural Society's Journal. Peat is very largely dug in the moors of Somerset near Edington and Shapwick, between Glastonbury and Highbridge. Some of these beds have been worked for fuel from the time of the Romans, and probably earlier. In Devonshire the Torbay submerged forest comprises peat beds that have yielded Roman remains, and that rest on clay or estuarine mud. On Dartmoor there is peat in places thirty feet thick.

Old records say that the law once took a hand in reducing the size of women's sleeves in Venice. This was in 1303, and the effect was soon seen in the extravagant trains that women added to their gowns. As soon as the lawmakers realized what was the matter they curtailed the skirt by a second edict, to be again circumvented by the great magnificence of both skirts and sleeves, which were blazoned with embroideries of gold and set with precious stones. These, too, were enacted out of fashion, but only while the women were getting breath for a fresh contest, and a sleeve that exceeded in cost anything that had gone before, for they were both wide and long, reaching even the hem of the dress. These were the arm-coverings that called forth the last fiat from the Venetian senate.

By using Hall's Hair Renewer, gray, faded or discolored hair assumes the natural color of youth, and grows luxuriant and strong, pleasing everybody.

Use Gibbons' Toothache Gum; sold druggists

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday—E Bert, T R Allen, L G Munn, Officer Abel, R Dinsdale, G M Leishman, P McLaren, B T Rogers, B Whithammer, Mrs J McCarthey, J Maunder, Mrs J Fisher, J Hollingshead, J Williams, R McDonald, Thomas Hooper, H Mitchell, Geo Abel, G A Jordan, J Smith, A McEwen, Miss Miller, J H Parks, Mrs M Gemmell, J V Taylor, T Redding, D McWilliams, A McT Campbell, Miss Williams, J A Teporten, Capt Wm Moore, A Mathieson, T Porter, Wm Barker, R Fisher, Mrs G L Clayton, Jos E Eagen.

Per Str. Umatilla from San Francisco—Mrs Perilard, B C O'Shea, C Roberts, W Ditcham, A Leishman, A H Laurence, T C Owen and wife, J Parr, J H Bruce, Miss Horton, Mrs B W Bunton, J White and wife, W Greaney, J Conboy, H G Eck, F C Gerom, J Colgdarripe and wife, J Grill, C G Kennedy, J Slavell, H Shoffer, B J Hits, H W Gillmore, R Bushby, Mrs Harlock and daughter, W Harlock, John Wilcox, W Eagan, Geo T Paine, J Doyle, A Atchinson and wife, N Alexo, A H Bordeam, C A Bradley and 11 steerage.

Per Str. North Pacific from the Sound—Jan. 27 and 29.—F W Gatter, E Huggins and wife, S Jones, Mrs Jones, E McLeod, Mrs O Hastings, A Porter, W F Myer, C A Ker and wife, E Anderson, N Arinde, W F Seoman, H French, L S Springett, Chas Wall, J W Lanbank, W Hodge, Miss Boone, T A Miller, J Hirsch, R Stewart and wife, L Van Nevel, S C Coffin, A Davis, J H Coustin, J Logan.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Jan 28.—E Billinghurst, F Ross, D Oppenheimer, H V Burner, F V Austin, W H Jones, C S Windsor, C O Wickenden, A Williams, Master McIntosh, G G Bushby, E Mohun, J O Johnston, Jas Punch, R P Sharp, J B Tiffin, L G McPhillips, E L Kirkland, Miss Minor, C Ross, J O Gill, C B Sword, R Ackland, T E Kitchen, Jas Mitchell, D G Rose, J A Russell, Mm Leek, W Howard, Jno Mitchell.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday—S Leiser, T Earle, B C Cattle Co, C R King, Cookson & P, Nat Elec Co, Ramsay Bros, T Redding, P T Patton, Victoria Hotel, C P R Telegrph, H Creech, J H Todd & Son, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. North Pacific from the Sound—Jan. 27 and 29.—Jno Parker, Geo Elliott, P Kenemedal, Vaio & Brooks, P F Emerson, H S Cole, E E Blackwood, Bank of B C, Jesse Ray, R Baker & Son, W Hoden, Mrs J A Davis.

Per Str. Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, Clark & Pearson, D H Ross & Co, Esquimalt Marine Railway, E G Prior & Co, F Carne Jr, Fell & Co, G A McCulloch, Hudsons Bay Co, H Clay, H Saunders, J H Todd & Sons, J Cook, L Goodacre, Langley & Co, Lai Wah Co, Mrs M J Taylor, M R & Tye, Mee Ying Lung, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade & Son, Phillips Bros, Pither & Leiser, R P Rithet & Co, R Ritter, R H Berryman, Spratt & Gray, T W Piper, Tai For, W Craft, Wilson Bros, Yee Yuen, Yick Lung, Lung Kee, Miss B Briggs, care S C Briggs, Wm Titejen, McGinnis & R, Tai Sang, C S Philp, Chas Anderson, Winch & Bower, Wells Fargo.

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Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully

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A Few Dozens of those Kid Gloves at 60c. left. You should have a pair before they are all gone.
Remember this sale will only last for the balance of this month, and now is the time to take advantage of it. We have still a fine lot of Remnants at Half Price.
Call and see them.

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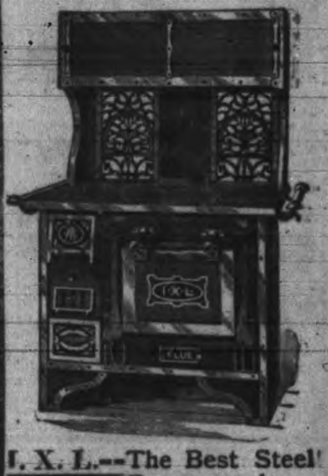

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Victoria, B. C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

Economy v. Hard Times.

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